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**VOLUME 2
NUMBER 3
DECEMBER 1985**

Editor:

Robert Cooke

Assistant Editor:

Mark Curry

Advertisement Manager:

Mike Segue

Advertisement Copy

Control:

Laura Champion

Group Editor:

Gavin Bradshaw

Group Managing

Editor:

Wendy Palmer

Managing Director:

Peter Malvern

Designers:

Barrie Thompson

Design:

Angus Design

Editorial & Advertisement Office

Box 1, Golden Square,
London W1P 0AP
Telephone: 01-431 0626
Telex: 881126

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FEATURES

- **Sprite Right** 21
- We show you how to create original sprites.

SERIES

- **Mastering Your C-16** 14
- Programming for the little guys.
- **Programming Projects** 29
- Another project to get those brain cells working.
- **Reliable Routines** 44
- This month we deal with the Exclusive-or routine.
- **Mach 2** 58
- Part two of our machine code development system.
- **Language Lab - ADA** 66
- David Janda analyses ADA.
- **Top Draw** 77
- Get those backdrops scrolling.
- **Build a Better Basic** 82
- Yet more commands to add to your Basic extension.

REGULARS

- **Data Statements** 4
- **In Arcadia** 8
- **Scratch Pad** 32
- **Game of the Month** 34
- **Sense of Adventure** 36
- **Business File** 40
- **Teachers Pet** 46
- **Action Replay** 50
- **Reference Library** 70
- **Listings** 72

GAMES AND UTILITIES

- **Toy Trouble** 91
- Toy terror for the C64.

COMPETITIONS

- **US Gold Competition** 24
- Adventure packs for 10 lucky readers.
- **Sprite Ideas** 26
- Design a sprite and earn some cash.
- **Win a C128** 73
- Five C128s to be won in our pig-naw competition.

C O N T E N T S

E- DATA STATEMENTS

Wizards and Wars

US GOLD HAS TWO NEW RELEASES IN the shops.

The Wizard and the Princess is the second release in US Gold's All American Adventure series and features the Wizard Huxley who has done the usual dirty deed of kidnapping a princess and imprisoning her in a tower. Your task - to rescue her.

The game is available on disk or cassette at £14.95 and £9.95 respectively.

Doughboy features a little soldier in the trenches who tries to collect the supplies scattered around, of course there are enemy troops and fire to avoid on the way. It also runs £9.95 on cassette and £14.95 on disk and US Gold can be contacted at Unit 10, The Parkway Industrial Centre, Henegate St, Birmingham B7 4LY.



Hordes of Henries

ENGLISH SOFTWARE HAS JOINED THE pre-Christmas rush to release compilations and brought out Henry's House and Friends, Volumes 1 and 2.

Each tape contains four titles including Henry's House, Jet-Bout Jack, Maudred, Neptune's Daughters and Sables of Hantone, the only previously unpublished title.

Each retail at £6.95 and are available from English Software, 1st Floor, 1 North Parade, Forenace Gardens, Manchester M40 1BS.

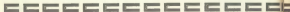


£25,000 richer

MATTHEW WOOLLEY IS THE WINNER of Donark's £25,000 prize for completing Sunakal and finding out the secret telephone number to claim his prize.

Matthew phoned the number four times before he had the courage to leave his name because he was too shy to speak to the answer phone.

The game was translated into Danish and German to discourage all people all over the world have been trying to win the prize. Donark co-founder, Mark Twyman said: "When the solicitor rang to tell me that the prize had been won, I nearly fell off my chair! Matthew has beaten everybody to it and we are all delighted for him."



128 and 1571 for £599

THE NEW COMMODORE 128 COMPUTER is to be offered complete with a disk drive for £499.99.

The Commodore 128 is a single handed 8.5 Megabyte 1½ inch floppy disk drive designed specifically for the 128. However, it is fully compatible with all other Commodore format computers.

The drive supports sequential, relative and user files in Commodore Standard format, with 148K formatted storage capacity.

Explaining the rationale behind the package, Commodore's marketing manager, Chris Keady said: "In order to get the best out of the 128 and run CP/M4 effectively, a de facto industry standard 1½ inch disk drive is needed, so we have decided to subsidise part of the cost involved. At £499.99, the result is one of the most competitive small business systems on the market."



Wash 'n' Wipe

PICK UP WITH ALL THOSE SCRATCHED-out labels on your old cassette tapes to really spruce up your program collection. Washers Wipers reusable labelling kits could be the answer to your prayers.

For a mere £1.49 you can buy 12 labels plus a wipers pen from Frames Wipers, 23 Weaver Rd, London W8 7LJ, or from selected high street stores.



Scooby Doo Where Are You?

OUTLINE-RELEASING A COMPUTER GAME version of the ever popular television cartoon series, Scooby Doo.

Outline describes the game as "the first ever computer cartoon". The game features Shaggy and Scooby trying to unravel the mysteries of Murchick Castle.

The game is entirely graphical and uses speech bubbles for communication.

Steve Wilson, Outline's sales director said: "The best comparison we can draw is with the tape disk games, the player's role is very much as the director of an interactive cartoon."

The game is out now and costs £7.95. It can be contacted at Anchor House, Anchor Road, Aldridge, Walsall W88 9PW.

Hewson Game on 64

HEDGEM CONSULTANTS HAS RECENTLY released a new game for the Commodore 64.

The player first himself is an intergalactic freighter using an Influence Drive to represent a mysterious android crew.

Full colour high resolution graphics depict 26 decks on the freighter, which is equivalent to 400 screens, according to Hedgemo.

Andrew Hedgemo said: "We're bringing our original games style to Commodore owners and they're liking it."

The game costs £7.95 and is available from Hedgemo Consultants, 168 Milton Trading Estate, Milton, Abingdon, Oxon OX14 3GJ.



AIR COMBAT EMULATOR



Air Ace

ACE — AIR COMBAT EMULATOR, a program which was originally released for the C-16 is now available for the C64.

Manufacturers, Cascade Games, claim great things for the title. According to Cascade you can feel when it's really like to fly a high performance military jet with the smoothest, fastest and most detailed cockpit view yet seen on video. There are seven of fully armed, tanks shield, anti-heli-missiles, ships and enemy aircraft, all in 3D.

The emulator is priced at £3.95 and Cascade's address is 1-3 Hayward Crescent, Harrogate, North Yorkshire HG1 5BC.



ADVANCED BYRONIC FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM

Log On Please

ACTIVISION HAS ANNOUNCED A NEW game which brings the world of banking that much closer to the average, home computer user.

Harrier is a new game which allows the player to shuffle into someone's computer system. You have absolutely no idea what the system belongs to or what its function is but you realise that its important to find out these things.

The only message you get to start you off is "Log on please". After that you must live for yourself.

There is no instruction booklet, no rules and no clues. You're completely on your own and eventually realise that your actions in this situation could help save the world. Again!

Activision is at 18 Harley House, Marylebone Road, London NW1.

Jump for Joy

CONGRATULATIONS TO THE 40 winners of our Amiga competition which appeared in our August issue. They will each be receiving a copy of Amiga's Q&A game, Jump Jet.

Paul Courtman, Stapleford: Frank T Bedford, Penrith; Carl Keller, Huddersfield; M Gervase, Andrew Glenneay, Burnham; Simon Waters, Wilton; Derek Thomas, Woodcock; Richard Sim, Drayton; C De Haan, Rotterdam; Ed Clarke, Redgrave; Philip Wood, Popson; T J Ballard, Clebury; Glen Harrison, Bawley; Brian Busby, Shaw; Robert Monaghan, Ipswich; Rob Pearson, Ransing; Anne Blair, St Ives; Ian, Wildenrath; Samantha James, London; Ed Farrell, Great Yarmouth; AC Peas, Penrith; Nicky Dock; P Wake, London; Sean McGovern, Hildesley; Carl Harrison, Brandon; Tony McGarrigle, Co. Down; Maureen James, Durham; David Anderson, Dalmeildington; M Rowland, Gilling; D Woods, St Helens; Mark Hopkins, Keddock; Ian C Small, High Wycombe; Andrew Smith, Welwyn; Steven Joby, Scarborough; Alexander Smart, Braughel, Holland; Thomas Watson, Wiltshire; Richard Jeffery, Castle Donington; AG Perini, London; Paul Taylor, Widdowson; Darren Harris, Barksdale; Philip Viscari, Hastings; Rachel Fox, Aldeburgh; David D Jones, Bolton-le-Sand; J Berhaut, Darlington; J Crane, Liverpool.

Ilam League

ILAMSOFT AND ARCADEAGE ARE joining forces to market new Ilamsoft releases.

The first game to be released by the deal is Berlay, produced on the Commodore and at the PCW show. Priced at £12.95 on disk and £9.95 on cassette it features six sub-games to keep the player engaged.

Ashley Gray of Arcadeage commented: "We're delighted to be working closely with one of the UK's leading computer games software houses. Berlay is one of the best arcade and strategy mix games to be released and it's a guaranteed chart buster."

Thousands Attend Show

ATTENDANCE FIGURES AT THE PCW show broke all records this year.

Over five days more than 50,000 visitors arrived to view the latest in software and hardware.

Glen Powell, director of organisers, Mansfield Limited, said: "This is the largest attendance at any computer event in the UK, and the business audience is greater than for any of the other specialist business computing shows."

The sixth Personal Computer World show will again be held at Olympia from 3-7 September 1986.



01-430 0954

and the following are the results of the regression analysis:

and the following are the results of the regression analysis:

[illegible][illegible]



W.A.R.C.A.D.I.A.

Neel Hackness, Parsimony: "I am also trying for the \$1,000,000 mark, so if Chris Rogers needs this, I challenge him to race to get that amount of money..." Here he is, Chris!

John A. Morrison, Method: "I reached this figure a couple of months ago, and sure I could go no higher, I stopped playing. I always used the 1983 House and ignored the mathematical error."

Phil Brucato, Oldham: "This score was achieved over about four months. The score mentioned by David Crane (5009,999) must be wrong, as the last two digits are always 997, 08, so I misquoted him, so about me... (BUT NOT AHAHAHA!)"

Chris Mansel, Gloucester: "I tried typing a \$10,000 code into the computer, instead of the \$10,000 it gave me this: 9980,099. Over one million! When I tried to use 10,000 it told me very rudely there was no such account number!" Dash it!

Simon Holden, Belfrage: "I devised several rules for adding together account numbers, which enabled me to increment my score from \$20,000 to \$40,000 in one go. The rules are quite complex, but one of the simplest, to add 170,000, is add one to the third digit, and add two to the fifth. This will work especially when the fifth digit is less than six." It's cheating, Simon, but I love it! Full marks!

Impossible Mission!

In Acqua regular, Chris Rogers wrote to me about Impossible Mission: "I believe I have done the impossible with Impossible Mission—I have completed it without losing a life! It took 29 mins 12 secs, giving me a score of 307987." Nice one, Chris. How about sending us a few tips on how to finish the game? I'm sure there are a lot of folks out there who would love to join you in the hi-score table. Well, everyone except Stephen Aurnidge. He says: "My highest score is 30546, i.e. just one life lost in Impossible. The other two weeks I have completed are Alligata, Comaratus, Tricardite, Apparatage, Antichoke, Butterfly...and I think the one I'm working on is called Sorehead." What! No problems there, I think. Forget I think the password you're looking for is: headshot!

Other hi-scores this month are: Chris Wharry, Co. Antares: Insulating Fat 215580; Terry Bailey, Middleham: Boulder Dash 34758; Zeyvon 175200; Petal II 165238.

Pete Pearson 107600
F. Lloyd, Moxington, Wigan: Bad Oliver Moxton 85400
Hutchback II 418300

So, that's the mail bag. Thanks a million for all your letters! Keep them coming, because as you know, this is your column too!

Just Raves

Games I've been playing in the last few months include: Rockford's Blot — Boulder Dash II, Summer Games II, Archon II, My Fox, Spy Vs. Spy II, and (till now's lower (like 34 above you) a whole lot of new stuff... OK, so most of them are works to previous chain reviews, but in all cases they are better than the originals, with better graphics and more complex game-play. I'll be featuring tips from all these games as and when I can sort them all out.

OK, by the way, I've been waiting for a letter from you, about your favourite game. I've got one from everyone else, where's yours? It's OK, but don't let it happen again!

News...News...News

Rescue On Fractalon and Bad Blazer are the first two releases on the Activision label, by Lucasfilm Games, the computer game wing of the movie company that brought you Star Wars. Based on the last Ark and all their sequels. The games are brilliant. The graphic quality of these games really makes them stand out as coming from the George Lucas stable, and I comfortably predict they will become firm favourites. I've heard a whisper that the next release from this firm will be the most advanced computer game on the 64 ever made... but then again, aren't they always!

**A bulging mail bag has given
filippo plenty of reading
matter this month. Read on
to meet the ghostbusting
experts.**

ONCE MORE INTO THE BRIGADE, DEAR Readers. Hey, sorry I've been absent, but a lot of things have been happening. I even got my hair (even an arcade wit has to take a break sometimes!) and as well as that I've had a pile of mail from you guys that would choke a crow. So, enough chipping the post, let's chow into the mailbag.

Ghostbusted!

Since I spoke to you last, I've had a big wedge of mail about Ghostbusters taking up the challenge to beat the \$5,000,000 mark. Heehee! Well, it didn't take you long, so here is the upshot of all your scores.

Name	Acc. No.	Score
Tai Ling Wai	71722164	\$998,999
Stephen Aurnidge	71662146	\$899,999
Kevin Chappman	71222146	\$899,999
Alan Markham	27822164	\$771,700
John Tolleray	60741164	\$135,000
John A. Morrison	16421164	\$990,900
Phil Brucato	7071164	\$990,900
Chris Rogers	29714711	\$465,700
Simon Holden	21122848	\$468,900

Phew! What a great showing from my beloved readers! Well, guys and gals, I'm proud of you. Here's what some readers added to their hi-scores:

Alan Tai Ling Wai, Edgbaston: "I'm afraid I have bad news for Chris Rogers of Blot, his hi-score has been broken. My next goal is to become an Elder! Happy shooting, Tai Ling!"

Kevin Chappman, Newcastle Upon Tyne: "There is my hi-score, does this make me a mega-ghostbuster?" Could be, Ken!

OUT NOW *by* JEFF MINTER

BATALYX

ON COMMODORE 64 CASSETTE & DISK



"BATALYX" will knock your socks off with its sheer mega-funky urge to surge. I have completely flipped over this game playing career... Go out and buy this game-- "BATALYX" and "COMMODORE 64's" were made for each other!"

JOHN MINTER
COMMODORE 64 GAMES
OCTOBER 1984

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This month for
Nicholson deals with
sound commands on
the C-16.

Sound

THIS CHAPTER EXPLAINS how to operate the C-16's two channel sound generator outside the standard SOUND and VOIC commands. First we deal with the control registers and then go on to discuss interrupt driven sound.

The Registers

Volume — Bits 0-3 of address \$B207 (\$B7F6) are used to control the volume. It will accept all numbers between zero (off) and 15 (max). However values from 4 up to 15 are all maximum volume. Bits four up to six of this register must remain unchanged, so as to set the same as those the full driving instructions is necessary.

POKE \$B207,\$P1;\$B207 AND \$B0F%00,\$V1

To set the volume to five in machine code use these instructions:

LDX \$P11
 AND \$B6
 ORA \$04
 STA \$P11

Channel Select — The three voices are selected by bits four and five of the register at \$B207 (\$B7F6) as follows:

Bit 4 (the 16's bit) selects voice 1 for music, 1 and on
 Bit 5 (the 32's bit) selects voice 2 for music, 1 and off
 Bit 6 (the 64's bit) selects voice 2 for music 1 and off.

A 1 (other bits may vary) is unchanged, therefore to set voice 1 to music and voice 2 to no music:

POKE \$P10,\$B207 AND \$B0F%00,\$V1

Or in machine code

LDX \$P11
 AND \$B6
 ORA \$00
 STA \$P11

MASTERING THE C-16

Sound release value — Bit seven of address \$B207 (\$B7F6) controls the sound release value. When this bit is set, sound is cut off in a way similar to VOI 0, until the bit is reset. This bit is used in the C-16 SOUND command when changing notes and appears to be the reason why there is an audible 'click' between notes — both sound channels are turned off momentarily between notes.

To turn the sound release 'on', i.e. double sound, use

POKE \$B207,\$B207 AND 127

In machine code

LDX \$P11
 AND \$7F
 STA \$P11

Notes As all the POKES dealing with volume, channel select and sound release are to the same address, it is possible to set up all three with a single POKE.

e.g. **POKE \$B207,\$V1**

which sets the sound release bit, selects voice 1 and voice 2 to music, and volume to zero.

Or in **POKE \$B207,\$V1**

which means the sound release bit turns off voice 1 and voice 2, and sets the volume to zero. **Frequency Voice #1** — The frequency is held in a 10 bit number. Address \$B206 (\$B7F5) contains bits zero to seven and address \$B208 (\$B7F7) holds bits eight and nine. It is important that bits two to seven of register \$B206 remain unaltered when setting bits zero and one. For example, to set the frequency of voice #1 to 50:

**POKE \$B206,\$B206 AND \$B0F%00000000
 AND 1
 ORA 10
 STA \$B206**

POKE \$B208,4 to set the remainder

In machine code
 LDX \$P12
 AND \$FC
 ORA \$1
 STA \$B7F5
 LDX \$04
 STA \$B7F7

Frequency Voice #2 — The address \$B206 (\$B7F5) contains bits zero to seven, address zero and one of address \$B208 (\$B7F7) has bits eight and nine of the frequency of voice #2. Unlike voice #1, bits two to seven of register \$B206 do not have to remain unaltered, hence to set the frequency of voice #2 to 50,

**POKE \$B206,2 and
 POKE \$B208,4**

In machine code
 LDX \$02
 STA \$B7F5
 LDX \$04
 STA \$B7F7

Duration — the duration is controlled by the IRQ interrupt requests to be explained later. The duration of each voice is controlled by two registers each containing one bit per frame, or 1/60 of the second, and they both match zero when that voice is turned off.

The registers

voice #1 127% (\$B7F6) low byte,
 128% (\$B7F7) high byte
 voice #2 127% (\$B7F8) low byte,
 128% (\$B7F9) high byte

The general equation for each voice is therefore

$A = 127.5 + \text{int. of } 1/60 \times \text{seconds}$
POKE \$B7F6,\$A-\$B7F6/255
 1 bit
POKE \$B7F7,\$A-\$B7F7/255

Address	Hex	Function
\$B7F5	\$B0F%	voice 1 low byte duration
\$B7F6	\$B0F%	voice 1 high byte duration
\$B7F7	\$B0F%	voice 1 frequency bits 0-7
\$B7F8	\$B0F%	voice 2 frequency bits 0-7
\$B7F9	\$B0F%	voice 2 frequency bits 8-9
\$B7FA	\$B0F%	bit 0 is bit 8 of frequency, bit 1 is bit 9 of frequency, bit 2 is bit 10 of frequency, bit 3 is bit 11 of frequency, bit 4 is bit 12 of frequency, bit 5 is bit 13 of frequency, bit 6 is bit 14 of frequency, bit 7 is bit 15 of frequency
\$B7FB	\$B0F%	bit 0 is bit 16 of frequency, bit 1 is bit 17 of frequency, bit 2 is bit 18 of frequency, bit 3 is bit 19 of frequency, bit 4 is bit 20 of frequency, bit 5 is bit 21 of frequency, bit 6 is bit 22 of frequency, bit 7 is bit 23 of frequency
\$B7FC	\$B0F%	bit 0 is bit 24 of frequency, bit 1 is bit 25 of frequency, bit 2 is bit 26 of frequency, bit 3 is bit 27 of frequency, bit 4 is bit 28 of frequency, bit 5 is bit 29 of frequency, bit 6 is bit 30 of frequency, bit 7 is bit 31 of frequency
\$B7FD	\$B0F%	bit 0 is bit 32 of frequency, bit 1 is bit 33 of frequency, bit 2 is bit 34 of frequency, bit 3 is bit 35 of frequency, bit 4 is bit 36 of frequency, bit 5 is bit 37 of frequency, bit 6 is bit 38 of frequency, bit 7 is bit 39 of frequency
\$B7FE	\$B0F%	bit 0 is bit 40 of frequency, bit 1 is bit 41 of frequency, bit 2 is bit 42 of frequency, bit 3 is bit 43 of frequency, bit 4 is bit 44 of frequency, bit 5 is bit 45 of frequency, bit 6 is bit 46 of frequency, bit 7 is bit 47 of frequency
\$B7FF	\$B0F%	bit 0 is bit 48 of frequency, bit 1 is bit 49 of frequency, bit 2 is bit 50 of frequency, bit 3 is bit 51 of frequency, bit 4 is bit 52 of frequency, bit 5 is bit 53 of frequency, bit 6 is bit 54 of frequency, bit 7 is bit 55 of frequency

In machine code, measuring the duration of a note (330 pulses, or 1.175 sec).

LDX #0
FOR #0
VIA, low byte
VIA, #0
VIA, high byte

3BC low byte of duration.
3BC 1-5000 sec
31A low byte result
1DA #0
3BC high byte of a duration.
31A high byte result

If the number of notes exceeds 255 then the following routine should be used:

The various branches of the control registers are summarized in Figure 1.

```

10000 :PLAY COMMAND
10010 :SINGLE C-ARM(L)
10020 :C1C1000 JOE NICOLSON
10030 :
10040 :BLAH ON..
10050 ORG 4000
10060 :ON SET
10070 LDR #524
10078 SRP 4314
10078 LDR #500
10084 STA 4315
10088 LDR #577
10090 SRP 404FC
10098 STA 404FF
10100 CLT
10108 RTS
10110 :T/PM OFF..
10118 :OF SET
10120 LDR #500
10128 STA 40014
10134 LDR #401
10138 STA 40015
10140 CLT
10148 RTS
10150 :PLAY COMMAND...
10158 ORG 4524
10160 :PL LDR 404FC
10168 CMP #4FF
10170 SFG R:P2
10178 IP2 JPP 4C10E
10180 R:P2 LDY #400
10188 LDR #400
10192 IP2 LDR 41003.Y
10198 STA 402.X
10200 :P4 [N]
10208 [N]
10210 TAA
10218 CMP #3
10220 BNE R:P3
10228 LDR 400
10230 ADC #2
10238 STA 400
10240 BCC R:P4
10248 INC 401
10250 IP2 LDR 402
10258 CMP #4FF
10260 BNE R:P5
10268 LSR :OF
10270 IP2 CLC
10278 BCC R:P5
  
```

Play Command

Many commercial arcade games have a tone which plays while the game is running. This section shows how this can be done on the C-78 by using the hardware interrupt.

Every 1/8 of a second (or 214) the computer executes a service routine which reads the keyboard, handles the interrupt,

refresh clock, and the duration of sound locations. It is located 700 (JUN) holds the vector pointing to the routine. To make the computer access an address routine every 1/8, these vectors should be changed to point to the new routine which coincides with a jump to the new 0/0 routine.

When using the PLAY command the new routine plays a series of notes (one also in memory). The notes are stored when each note is loaded by examining the duration registers looking for the next bit in both registers. However, a note not wait for them to be read and the note subsequently turned off, in order to avoid the annoying clicking sound which occurs between notes. If this happens, usually, to the new note.

Figure 2 shows a C-78 Assembly using of the PLAY command. Lines 10100 to 10200 contain the routine which switches on the PLAY command. First it checks the hardware interrupt (40) to ensure that there are not interrupts while the interrupt vector values are being changed — otherwise the machine may crash. It also turns off any notes playing at that time and sets the start of the list of notes to address 0000 (JUN). The interrupt is then enabled by the CLT instruction.

The routine at lines 10200 to 10270 turns off the PLAY command restoring the interrupt vector to the normal routine at 0C10E (2790). Lines 10280 to 10290 begins the PLAY routine by checking whether the last note has finished, if it has a zero the next note values (taken from the table and after checking to see if they are special commands (e.g. to set the volume) it loads these values into the frequency and duration registers.

The computer routine can be relocated by changing the ORG command at lines 10100 and 10110 and moving the hardware routine set the interrupt vector to its new value. The internal registers used by the PLAY command are stored between 000 and 009 (00E-017). As explained in the last article, this is a free area of zero.

The set of notes is stored in

```

11100 IP2 CMP #4FE
11110 BNE R:P7
11113 LDR 400
11116 STA 405
11120 LDR 403
11128 STA 400
11140 LDR 401
11150 STA 406
11160 LDR 404
11170 STA 401
11180 CLC
11190 BCC R:P2
11200 IP2 CMP #4FD
11210 BNE R:P8
11220 LDR 405
11230 STA 408
11240 LDR 406
11250 STA 401
11260 CLC
11270 BCC R:P2
11280 IP2 CMP #4FC
11290 BNE R:P9
11300 LDR 4FF11
11310 AND #240
11320 ORA 403
11330 STA 4FF11
11340 ORA 403
11350 STA 4FF11
11360 CLC
11370 BCC R:P2
11380 :P3 EOR #4FF
11390 STA 404FC
11400 LDR #4FF
11410 STA 404FE
11420 LDR #4FF
11430 STA 404FE
11440 LDR 4FF12
11450 AND #252
11460 ORA 404
11470 STA 4FF12
11480 LDR 403
11490 STA 4FF0E
11500 LDR 4FF11
11510 ORA #410
11520 STA 4FF11
11530 CLC
11540 BCC R:P8
  
```

22 04.

memory as follows: the first byte is the duration which may be any jiffy (1/50 sec) to 247 jiffies (about five years). The next two bytes are the low and high bytes of the frequency which can be between 2000 and 1000, as for the SOUND command. This interrupt driver routine plays Volume 83, which leaves Volume 83 free to be used for addresses explosions and so on.

Instructions

The PLAY command has its own special instructions, which are stored in the table being identified only by their duration values. Numbers between 000 and 999 are reserved for these special instructions.

The new commands are: **INC (253)** (values) This can be used to change the volume made a time. The low byte of the frequency contains the new volume setting, 2000 to 9900. The high byte should be greater than 0, as usual.

MS (254) This is a type of GOSUB instruction. It jumps to the address stored in the frequency bytes. Also it stores the old pointer address in memory allowing the time to return, so that time can have subroutines although nesting is not allowed. This can also be used as a GOTO instruction. **MS (254)** This is the return instruction which makes the PLAY command resume after the last GOSUB instruction. The two frequency bytes must be present but can have any value, preferably zero. **SP (255)** This is an empty byte of the PLAY command.

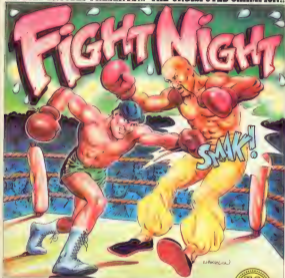
Figure 3 shows a demo program playing large's version two's advertisement. The machine code for the PLAY command is stored from line 9000 to 1000 and the data for the tune is stored from line 200 to line 300 in the form of duration and frequency values. The data is written from address 00000 (1710) Line 100 FORKs this number into the tune pointer. Line 305 GOSUB at line 100 executes 0-1 routine.

It is possible to improve the performance of the PLAY command by modifying the pitch, decay, volume and release functions of a sound synthesizer. This will be explained next month.

```
100 RESTORE:000:FORA=1535TO1709:READB:PO
KEA,B:NEXT
110 POKE200,176:POKE200,6
120 RESTORE200
130 FORA=1712TO1831:STEP3:READB,C
140 POKEA,B:POKEA+1,C:(INT(C/256)*256)
150 POKEA+2,INT(C/256)
160 NEXT
170 VOL7:SYS1536
180 REM
190 REM TUNE DATA
200 DATA254,1727,254,1796,254,1796,254,1
727,254,1712
210 DATA20,685,20,739,40,739,20,685,20,6
43,40,596,20,643,20,685
220 DATA20,739,20,685,80,643,20,685,20,7
39,40,739
230 DATA20,685,20,643,40,596,20,643,20,6
85,20,643
240 DATA20,596,80,596,253,0
250 DATA20,778,20,810,40,810,20,796,20,7
39,40,778
260 DATA20,778,20,810,20,798,20,739,80,7
78,253,0
990 REM
995 REM PLAY COMMAND DATA
1000 DATA120,169,38,141,20,3,169,6,141,2
1,3,169,255,141,252,4
1010 DATA141,254,4,88,90,120,169,14,141,
20,3,169,288,141,21,3
1020 DATA88,86,255,0,173,252,4,201,255,2
40,3,76,14,286,168,0
1030 DATA162,0,177,200,149,210,200,232,1
30,201,3,200,245,165,288,165
1040 DATA2,133,208,144,2,230,209,165,210
,201,255,208,6,32,21,0
1050 DATA24,144,216,281,254,200,19,165,2
80,133,213,165,211,133,208,165
1060 DATA209,133,214,165,212,133,209,24,
144,156,201,253,288,11,165,213
1070 DATA133,208,165,214,133,209,24,144,
181,201,252,200,13,173,17,255
1080 DATA41,240,5,211,141,17,255,24,144,
164,73,255,141,252,4,169
1090 DATA255,141,254,4,173,18,255,41,252
,5,212,141,18,255,165,211
1100 DATA141,14,255,173,17,255,9,16,141,
17,255,24,144,162
```



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HIGH PERFORMANCE PROGRAMS

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you an introduction to

creating sprites on

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SPRITE RIGHT

THOSE OF YOU WHO OWN a C64 may be fascinated by the effects which can be created using the machine's sprite graphics features. However you may not have attempted to play with sprites yourself due to the complexity of handling them from Basic. This article is a simple tutorial on playing with sprites and takes you step-by-step through most of the functions concerned with them, explaining how each works, and giving a demonstration of each stage. The demonstration is handled by a program which you type into a section at a time, adding on new features as you go.

Creating Sprites

A sprite is a user-defined graphic block which is displayed made by 25 pixels high (approx) is a picture element in the machine which is not available on the screen. Sprites can be moved around very easily in a block, rather than by replotting all the individual pixels. Other functions are also available, as we will demonstrate.

The pixels are arranged in three adjacent pushable columns of 25 bytes (one byte/pixel) base. Each pixel can be one or zero, corresponding to a pixel on or off line. For example, if all bits are off, the pixel will have value zero, and if all bits are on, it will have value 255 (i.e. 254+1=255) (see line 200).

The Commodore manual explains how to create sprites in your own designs, but for our purposes, we will use a well-known set of 4 bytes set to value 255. The bytes are arranged in a consecutive block in memory, and must start at an address which is a multiple of 64 (e.g. we will use 1944+64) (i.e. the sprite is said to be in block 12 of

memory, which is an area unused by other functions).

The sprites are controlled by a number of control registers, each being one byte of memory. In general, each sprite (point) are available at once is controlled by one for each of these bytes (e.g. bit 0 of the registers corresponds to sprite 0, etc.), and if this bit is 1, the function is "on", and if it is 0 the function is "off". Each control register will be explained as we go on.

Starting the Program

The program has been kept as simple as possible so that you can see exactly how the sprites are controlled. It will be introduced in sections, so after reading the description, type in the next section of the program, and RUN it. This will let you see what the area section of program does to affect the sprite's behavior. Do not type **END** after each section.

END statements have also been included in the program to detail its functions, but these may be omitted if you like in line typing, and the program will function normally. If the sprites are obstructing the screen when you want to type then enter "POKE 1538-0" and press RETURN.

Section 1 - Introduction (Lines 10-80)

Most of the sprite control registers are in a block of memory commencing at address 50348. To avoid using three large numbers, we will set a variable **V=50348** (line 40) and access the other registers by adding on numbers 4, 14, 14+8, 14+16, etc. (lines 58 and 60) so you avoid typing long printing messages during the program.

Screen Colour Registers: The registers which hold the screen colours are in this memory region at **V+10** (border) and **V+12** (screen background). POKEing values from zero to 15 into these registers will change the colour of the screen. In this program, they are both set to colour six (pink) at line 80.

Section 2 - Setting up the Sprites (Lines 90-140)

Lines 100 and 110 set the 81 bytes of sprite data to 255 to give a solid sprite, starting at memory address 832. Try experimenting with different values of **BYTE** (line 100) to see the effect on the shape of the sprite.

Sprite Data Pointers: The computer knows where you have put the sprite data by looking at the data pointers at locations 2040 (for sprite 0) to location 2067 (for sprite 7). The value to be POKE'd in these registers is the data block number, in this case **(512/24+1)** (line 120).

Sprite Position Registers: Each sprite has an X (horizontal) and Y (Vertical) position coordinate, measured from an origin at the top left of the screen (line 14). The origin is underneath the screen border, the actual top-left of the visible screen being at **V+4**, **V+8**. These positions are stored in registers **V+100** to **V+115** as follows:

```
V+0 Sprite 0 X co-ordinate
V+1 Sprite 0 Y co-ordinate
V+2 Sprite 1 X co-ordinate
V+3 Sprite 1 Y co-ordinate
```

Line 130 sets the positions of the sprites early (sprites 0-3 will be used in this demonstration program) so that they will be completely across the screen. **Sprite Colour Registers:** Each

sprite can be turned on and off (visible or not) by setting (on) or clearing (off) its corresponding bit in the sprite enable register at **V+20**. We are using sprite 0-3 so this register is set to **1+2+4+8+16** (line 160).

Section 3 - Colouring the Sprites (Lines 149-180)

Sprite Colour Registers: Each sprite has a one byte register which contains its colour as a number from zero to 15, in the same way as the screen colour register. These colour registers are at **V+16** for sprite 0, **V+18** for sprite 1, and so on up to **V+26** for sprite 7. Here, the colours have been set so that the sprites are clearly visible on the background (lines 150-180) but by changing the numbers along the memory, the sprites may be changed to any other colour you wish.

Section 4 - Moving the Sprites (1) (Lines 200-210, 500-1150)

The sprite position registers have already been described. Making the sprites move is simply a case of changing the number held in these registers so that the sprite changes position. Subroutine 1000 is called (line 200) to move the sprites across the screen (x-direction) and subroutine 1100 is called (line 700) to move them down the screen.

The paragraph describes subroutine 1000. Subroutine 1100 is similar in its structure, but operates on different position registers.

Firstly, the sprite's current position is read (in line 1040) and stored in variable **PXN**. Then it then added to the position, and if **PXN** exceeds 255, it is

must be zero, at the maximum position number is 255. The new position is then P0A00 to the position register (line 1000). This program instructs us: if the sprite has returned to its starting position the movement loop is executed for the four sprites.

Section 5 - Moving The Sprites [2] (Lines 219-240)

X-Coordinate A458 register. You will have seen from the previous section that the maximum sprite position is 255, but this is only the sprites about two-thirds of the way across the screen so the X-coordinate. In order to move the sprite to the right-hand end of the screen the V0A00 register at the X-coordinate must be set. This is not done by setting the X-coordinate register, the corresponding sprite appears in the right-hand part of the screen.

To demonstrate this, we move all sprites to the right-hand part of the screen (line 219), call the movement subroutine again (line 240) and then move the sprites back (line 241). Note that for most of the movement section, the sprites are moved under the right-hand part of the screen. In a program, the right-hand part of the screen would be accessed by a statement such as: `SP0A00=0A00`, `SP1A00=0A00`, `SP2A00=0A00`, `SP3A00=0A00` with a corresponding statement for return to the main part of the screen.

Section 6-sprite expansion (Lines 349-408, 8499-1320)

Sprite Expansion Register R6, setting the appropriate bits in these registers (V-2) for X-expansion, V-4-7 for Y-expansion, the corresponding sprites will appear twice as big in that direction. These can be used independently to give tall or wide sprites, or together to give a large sprite.

Subroutine 1000 demonstrates Y-expansion for both directions, then expands a draw, and returns to the main program. Finally, we set the required expansion mask to

X (line 349), then call subroutine 1000 for the four sprites (lines 370-390), the X-expansion is then turned off (line 360), and the loop repeated for Y-expansion (lines 380-390). Repeating the X-expansion gives sprites expansion in both dimensions (line 360-390).

Section 7 - Sprite overlay (Lines 194, 429-350)

A, the sprites on the screen have a display priority, that is there are each assigned a "depth" on the screen. If two sprites are overlapped, the one which is "deepest" will not be seen as if it was behind the other sprite. This function is a two-dimensional one, affects to be constructed quite easily.

Unfortunately, however, the priority is not easily controllable. The "depth" of the sprite is controlled by its number: sprites in the deeper and so will appear behind all others, and sprites in the front of all others. The next section of program demonstrates this by setting up all the sprites, you can see that the green sprite is at the back, and the blue sprite is at the front (unless you've changed the colours!) (line 194 has been included so that you don't have to run through the movement of a demonstration over time).

Section 8 - Sprites/Text Overlay (Lines 599-730, 1999-2000)

Sprites/Text Priority Register: Although the sprites are fixed in relation to each other by number, each sprite can be individually set either behind or in front of any text or graphics on the screen.

To demonstrate this, we will draw the text later by a grid covering the screen. This allows you to see sprites both in front of and behind the text. To control this position, we use the sprite/text priority register at V-2. Normally this register controls if making all sprites appear in front of the text. However, by setting the bits in the register, the corresponding sprites appear behind the text.

After this section is in three parts, with each part calling subroutine 1000 to move the sprites across the grid. This is done in a similar way to column 194, 2000 explained above.

The first part demonstrates all sprites in front of the grid (line 194), the sprites (starting with the "deepest" ones) are moved behind the grid, and you can see that it appears behind both the text, and the other sprites as

before. Finally, the sprites are brought back in front of the grid so before, again starting with the "deepest". However, note the strange effect that the positions. As the sprites move across the grid, you can see that the deeper ones are in front of the grid, but the others which are behind the grid. This is a three-dimensional responsibility, unless you are Doctor Who, don't know... (sprites, 194, 2000).



```

10 REM SET PLACING WITH SPRITES 001
20 REM SET UP TEXT ARRAY (L 2000 001
30 REM SET FOR FOR COMPOSE 001
40 REM INITIALISE A START OF SPRITE HEIGHT, POSITION
50 CL=0:FOR I=1 TO 4:FOR J=1 TO 4:FOR K=1 TO 4:FOR L=1 TO 4:FOR M=1 TO 4:FOR N=1 TO 4:FOR O=1 TO 4:FOR P=1 TO 4:FOR Q=1 TO 4:FOR R=1 TO 4:FOR S=1 TO 4:FOR T=1 TO 4:FOR U=1 TO 4:FOR V=1 TO 4:FOR W=1 TO 4:FOR X=1 TO 4:FOR Y=1 TO 4:FOR Z=1 TO 4:FOR AA=1 TO 4:FOR AB=1 TO 4:FOR AC=1 TO 4:FOR AD=1 TO 4:FOR AE=1 TO 4:FOR AF=1 TO 4:FOR AG=1 TO 4:FOR AH=1 TO 4:FOR AI=1 TO 4:FOR AJ=1 TO 4:FOR AK=1 TO 4:FOR AL=1 TO 4:FOR AM=1 TO 4:FOR AN=1 TO 4:FOR AO=1 TO 4:FOR AP=1 TO 4:FOR AQ=1 TO 4:FOR AR=1 TO 4:FOR AS=1 TO 4:FOR AT=1 TO 4:FOR AU=1 TO 4:FOR AV=1 TO 4:FOR AW=1 TO 4:FOR AX=1 TO 4:FOR AY=1 TO 4:FOR AZ=1 TO 4:FOR BA=1 TO 4:FOR BB=1 TO 4:FOR BC=1 TO 4:FOR BD=1 TO 4:FOR BE=1 TO 4:FOR BF=1 TO 4:FOR BG=1 TO 4:FOR BH=1 TO 4:FOR BI=1 TO 4:FOR BJ=1 TO 4:FOR BK=1 TO 4:FOR BL=1 TO 4:FOR BM=1 TO 4:FOR BN=1 TO 4:FOR BO=1 TO 4:FOR BP=1 TO 4:FOR BQ=1 TO 4:FOR BR=1 TO 4:FOR BS=1 TO 4:FOR BT=1 TO 4:FOR BU=1 TO 4:FOR BV=1 TO 4:FOR BW=1 TO 4:FOR BX=1 TO 4:FOR BY=1 TO 4:FOR BZ=1 TO 4:FOR CA=1 TO 4:FOR CB=1 TO 4:FOR CC=1 TO 4:FOR CD=1 TO 4:FOR CE=1 TO 4:FOR CF=1 TO 4:FOR CG=1 TO 4:FOR CH=1 TO 4:FOR CI=1 TO 4:FOR CJ=1 TO 4:FOR CK=1 TO 4:FOR CL=1 TO 4:FOR CM=1 TO 4:FOR CN=1 TO 4:FOR CO=1 TO 4:FOR CP=1 TO 4:FOR CQ=1 TO 4:FOR CR=1 TO 4:FOR CS=1 TO 4:FOR CT=1 TO 4:FOR CU=1 TO 4:FOR CV=1 TO 4:FOR CW=1 TO 4:FOR CX=1 TO 4:FOR CY=1 TO 4:FOR CZ=1 TO 4:FOR DA=1 TO 4:FOR DB=1 TO 4:FOR DC=1 TO 4:FOR DD=1 TO 4:FOR DE=1 TO 4:FOR DF=1 TO 4:FOR DG=1 TO 4:FOR DH=1 TO 4:FOR DI=1 TO 4:FOR DJ=1 TO 4:FOR DK=1 TO 4:FOR DL=1 TO 4:FOR DM=1 TO 4:FOR DN=1 TO 4:FOR DO=1 TO 4:FOR DP=1 TO 4:FOR DQ=1 TO 4:FOR DR=1 TO 4:FOR DS=1 TO 4:FOR DT=1 TO 4:FOR DU=1 TO 4:FOR DV=1 TO 4:FOR DW=1 TO 4:FOR DX=1 TO 4:FOR DY=1 TO 4:FOR DZ=1 TO 4:FOR EA=1 TO 4:FOR EB=1 TO 4:FOR EC=1 TO 4:FOR ED=1 TO 4:FOR EE=1 TO 4:FOR EF=1 TO 4:FOR EG=1 TO 4:FOR EH=1 TO 4:FOR EI=1 TO 4:FOR EJ=1 TO 4:FOR EK=1 TO 4:FOR EL=1 TO 4:FOR EM=1 TO 4:FOR EN=1 TO 4:FOR EO=1 TO 4:FOR EP=1 TO 4:FOR EQ=1 TO 4:FOR ER=1 TO 4:FOR ES=1 TO 4:FOR ET=1 TO 4:FOR EU=1 TO 4:FOR EV=1 TO 4:FOR EW=1 TO 4:FOR EX=1 TO 4:FOR EY=1 TO 4:FOR EZ=1 TO 4:FOR FA=1 TO 4:FOR FB=1 TO 4:FOR FC=1 TO 4:FOR FD=1 TO 4:FOR FE=1 TO 4:FOR FF=1 TO 4:FOR FG=1 TO 4:FOR FH=1 TO 4:FOR FI=1 TO 4:FOR FJ=1 TO 4:FOR FK=1 TO 4:FOR FL=1 TO 4:FOR FM=1 TO 4:FOR FN=1 TO 4:FOR FO=1 TO 4:FOR FP=1 TO 4:FOR FQ=1 TO 4:FOR FR=1 TO 4:FOR FS=1 TO 4:FOR FT=1 TO 4:FOR FU=1 TO 4:FOR FV=1 TO 4:FOR FW=1 TO 4:FOR FX=1 TO 4:FOR FY=1 TO 4:FOR FZ=1 TO 4:FOR GA=1 TO 4:FOR GB=1 TO 4:FOR GC=1 TO 4:FOR GD=1 TO 4:FOR GE=1 TO 4:FOR GF=1 TO 4:FOR GH=1 TO 4:FOR GI=1 TO 4:FOR GJ=1 TO 4:FOR GK=1 TO 4:FOR GL=1 TO 4:FOR GM=1 TO 4:FOR GN=1 TO 4:FOR GO=1 TO 4:FOR GP=1 TO 4:FOR GQ=1 TO 4:FOR GR=1 TO 4:FOR GS=1 TO 4:FOR GT=1 TO 4:FOR GU=1 TO 4:FOR GV=1 TO 4:FOR GW=1 TO 4:FOR GX=1 TO 4:FOR GY=1 TO 4:FOR GZ=1 TO 4:FOR HA=1 TO 4:FOR HB=1 TO 4:FOR HC=1 TO 4:FOR HD=1 TO 4:FOR HE=1 TO 4:FOR HF=1 TO 4:FOR HG=1 TO 4:FOR HH=1 TO 4:FOR HI=1 TO 4:FOR HJ=1 TO 4:FOR HK=1 TO 4:FOR HL=1 TO 4:FOR HM=1 TO 4:FOR HN=1 TO 4:FOR HO=1 TO 4:FOR HP=1 TO 4:FOR HQ=1 TO 4:FOR HR=1 TO 4:FOR HS=1 TO 4:FOR HT=1 TO 4:FOR HU=1 TO 4:FOR HV=1 TO 4:FOR HW=1 TO 4:FOR HX=1 TO 4:FOR HY=1 TO 4:FOR HZ=1 TO 4:FOR IA=1 TO 4:FOR IB=1 TO 4:FOR IC=1 TO 4:FOR ID=1 TO 4:FOR IE=1 TO 4:FOR IF=1 TO 4:FOR IG=1 TO 4:FOR IH=1 TO 4:FOR II=1 TO 4:FOR IJ=1 TO 4:FOR IK=1 TO 4:FOR IL=1 TO 4:FOR IM=1 TO 4:FOR IN=1 TO 4:FOR IO=1 TO 4:FOR IP=1 TO 4:FOR IQ=1 TO 4:FOR IR=1 TO 4:FOR IS=1 TO 4:FOR IT=1 TO 4:FOR IU=1 TO 4:FOR IV=1 TO 4:FOR IW=1 TO 4:FOR IX=1 TO 4:FOR IY=1 TO 4:FOR IZ=1 TO 4:FOR JA=1 TO 4:FOR JB=1 TO 4:FOR JC=1 TO 4:FOR JD=1 TO 4:FOR JE=1 TO 4:FOR JF=1 TO 4:FOR JG=1 TO 4:FOR JH=1 TO 4:FOR JI=1 TO 4:FOR JJ=1 TO 4:FOR JK=1 TO 4:FOR JL=1 TO 4:FOR JM=1 TO 4:FOR JN=1 TO 4:FOR JO=1 TO 4:FOR JP=1 TO 4:FOR JQ=1 TO 4:FOR JR=1 TO 4:FOR JS=1 TO 4:FOR JT=1 TO 4:FOR JU=1 TO 4:FOR JV=1 TO 4:FOR JW=1 TO 4:FOR JX=1 TO 4:FOR JY=1 TO 4:FOR JZ=1 TO 4:FOR KA=1 TO 4:FOR KB=1 TO 4:FOR KC=1 TO 4:FOR KD=1 TO 4:FOR KE=1 TO 4:FOR KF=1 TO 4:FOR KG=1 TO 4:FOR KH=1 TO 4:FOR KI=1 TO 4:FOR KJ=1 TO 4:FOR KK=1 TO 4:FOR KL=1 TO 4:FOR KM=1 TO 4:FOR KN=1 TO 4:FOR KO=1 TO 4:FOR KP=1 TO 4:FOR KQ=1 TO 4:FOR KR=1 TO 4:FOR KS=1 TO 4:FOR KT=1 TO 4:FOR KU=1 TO 4:FOR KV=1 TO 4:FOR KW=1 TO 4:FOR KX=1 TO 4:FOR KY=1 TO 4:FOR KZ=1 TO 4:FOR LA=1 TO 4:FOR LB=1 TO 4:FOR LC=1 TO 4:FOR LD=1 TO 4:FOR LE=1 TO 4:FOR LF=1 TO 4:FOR LG=1 TO 4:FOR LH=1 TO 4:FOR LI=1 TO 4:FOR LJ=1 TO 4:FOR LK=1 TO 4:FOR LL=1 TO 4:FOR LM=1 TO 4:FOR LN=1 TO 4:FOR LO=1 TO 4:FOR LP=1 TO 4:FOR LQ=1 TO 4:FOR LR=1 TO 4:FOR LS=1 TO 4:FOR LT=1 TO 4:FOR LU=1 TO 4:FOR LV=1 TO 4:FOR LW=1 TO 4:FOR LX=1 TO 4:FOR LY=1 TO 4:FOR LZ=1 TO 4:FOR MA=1 TO 4:FOR MB=1 TO 4:FOR MC=1 TO 4:FOR MD=1 TO 4:FOR ME=1 TO 4:FOR MF=1 TO 4:FOR MG=1 TO 4:FOR MH=1 TO 4:FOR MI=1 TO 4:FOR MJ=1 TO 4:FOR MK=1 TO 4:FOR ML=1 TO 4:FOR MM=1 TO 4:FOR MN=1 TO 4:FOR MO=1 TO 4:FOR MP=1 TO 4:FOR MQ=1 TO 4:FOR MR=1 TO 4:FOR MS=1 TO 4:FOR MT=1 TO 4:FOR MU=1 TO 4:FOR MV=1 TO 4:FOR MW=1 TO 4:FOR MX=1 TO 4:FOR MY=1 TO 4:FOR MZ=1 TO 4:FOR NA=1 TO 4:FOR NB=1 TO 4:FOR NC=1 TO 4:FOR ND=1 TO 4:FOR NE=1 TO 4:FOR NF=1 TO 4:FOR NG=1 TO 4:FOR NH=1 TO 4:FOR NI=1 TO 4:FOR NJ=1 TO 4:FOR NK=1 TO 4:FOR NL=1 TO 4:FOR NM=1 TO 4:FOR NO=1 TO 4:FOR NP=1 TO 4:FOR NQ=1 TO 4:FOR NR=1 TO 4:FOR NS=1 TO 4:FOR NT=1 TO 4:FOR NU=1 TO 4:FOR NV=1 TO 4:FOR NW=1 TO 4:FOR NX=1 TO 4:FOR NY=1 TO 4:FOR NZ=1 TO 4:FOR OA=1 TO 4:FOR OB=1 TO 4:FOR OC=1 TO 4:FOR OD=1 TO 4:FOR OE=1 TO 4:FOR OF=1 TO 4:FOR OG=1 TO 4:FOR OH=1 TO 4:FOR OI=1 TO 4:FOR OJ=1 TO 4:FOR OK=1 TO 4:FOR OL=1 TO 4:FOR OM=1 TO 4:FOR ON=1 TO 4:FOR OO=1 TO 4:FOR OP=1 TO 4:FOR OQ=1 TO 4:FOR OR=1 TO 4:FOR OS=1 TO 4:FOR OT=1 TO 4:FOR OU=1 TO 4:FOR OV=1 TO 4:FOR OW=1 TO 4:FOR OX=1 TO 4:FOR OY=1 TO 4:FOR OZ=1 TO 4:FOR PA=1 TO 4:FOR PB=1 TO 4:FOR PC=1 TO 4:FOR PD=1 TO 4:FOR PE=1 TO 4:FOR PF=1 TO 4:FOR PG=1 TO 4:FOR PH=1 TO 4:FOR PI=1 TO 4:FOR PJ=1 TO 4:FOR PK=1 TO 4:FOR PL=1 TO 4:FOR PM=1 TO 4:FOR PN=1 TO 4:FOR PO=1 TO 4:FOR PP=1 TO 4:FOR PQ=1 TO 4:FOR PR=1 TO 4:FOR PS=1 TO 4:FOR PT=1 TO 4:FOR PU=1 TO 4:FOR PV=1 TO 4:FOR PW=1 TO 4:FOR PX=1 TO 4:FOR PY=1 TO 4:FOR PZ=1 TO 4:FOR QA=1 TO 4:FOR QB=1 TO 4:FOR QC=1 TO 4:FOR QD=1 TO 4:FOR QE=1 TO 4:FOR QF=1 TO 4:FOR QG=1 TO 4:FOR QH=1 TO 4:FOR QI=1 TO 4:FOR QJ=1 TO 4:FOR QK=1 TO 4:FOR QL=1 TO 4:FOR QM=1 TO 4:FOR QN=1 TO 4:FOR QO=1 TO 4:FOR QP=1 TO 4:FOR QQ=1 TO 4:FOR QR=1 TO 4:FOR QS=1 TO 4:FOR QT=1 TO 4:FOR QU=1 TO 4:FOR QV=1 TO 4:FOR QW=1 TO 4:FOR QX=1 TO 4:FOR QY=1 TO 4:FOR QZ=1 TO 4:FOR RA=1 TO 4:FOR RB=1 TO 4:FOR RC=1 TO 4:FOR RD=1 TO 4:FOR RE=1 TO 4:FOR RF=1 TO 4:FOR RG=1 TO 4:FOR RH=1 TO 4:FOR RI=1 TO 4:FOR RJ=1 TO 4:FOR RK=1 TO 4:FOR RL=1 TO 4:FOR RM=1 TO 4:FOR RN=1 TO 4:FOR RO=1 TO 4:FOR RP=1 TO 4:FOR RQ=1 TO 4:FOR RR=1 TO 4:FOR RS=1 TO 4:FOR RT=1 TO 4:FOR RU=1 TO 4:FOR RV=1 TO 4:FOR RW=1 TO 4:FOR RX=1 TO 4:FOR RY=1 TO 4:FOR RZ=1 TO 4:FOR SA=1 TO 4:FOR SB=1 TO 4:FOR SC=1 TO 4:FOR SD=1 TO 4:FOR SE=1 TO 4:FOR SF=1 TO 4:FOR SG=1 TO 4:FOR SH=1 TO 4:FOR SI=1 TO 4:FOR SJ=1 TO 4:FOR SK=1 TO 4:FOR SL=1 TO 4:FOR SM=1 TO 4:FOR SN=1 TO 4:FOR SO=1 TO 4:FOR SP=1 TO 4:FOR SQ=1 TO 4:FOR SR=1 TO 4:FOR SS=1 TO 4:FOR ST=1 TO 4:FOR SU=1 TO 4:FOR SV=1 TO 4:FOR SW=1 TO 4:FOR SX=1 TO 4:FOR SY=1 TO 4:FOR SZ=1 TO 4:FOR TA=1 TO 4:FOR TB=1 TO 4:FOR TC=1 TO 4:FOR TD=1 TO 4:FOR TE=1 TO 4:FOR TF=1 TO 4:FOR TG=1 TO 4:FOR TH=1 TO 4:FOR TI=1 TO 4:FOR TJ=1 TO 4:FOR TK=1 TO 4:FOR TL=1 TO 4:FOR TM=1 TO 4:FOR TN=1 TO 4:FOR TO=1 TO 4:FOR TP=1 TO 4:FOR TQ=1 TO 4:FOR TR=1 TO 4:FOR TS=1 TO 4:FOR TT=1 TO 4:FOR TU=1 TO 4:FOR TV=1 TO 4:FOR TW=1 TO 4:FOR TX=1 TO 4:FOR TY=1 TO 4:FOR TZ=1 TO 4:FOR UA=1 TO 4:FOR UB=1 TO 4:FOR UC=1 TO 4:FOR UD=1 TO 4:FOR UE=1 TO 4:FOR UF=1 TO 4:FOR UG=1 TO 4:FOR UH=1 TO 4:FOR UI=1 TO 4:FOR UJ=1 TO 4:FOR UK=1 TO 4:FOR UL=1 TO 4:FOR UM=1 TO 4:FOR UN=1 TO 4:FOR UO=1 TO 4:FOR UP=1 TO 4:FOR UQ=1 TO 4:FOR UR=1 TO 4:FOR US=1 TO 4:FOR UT=1 TO 4:FOR UJ=1 TO 4:FOR UV=1 TO 4:FOR UW=1 TO 4:FOR UX=1 TO 4:FOR UY=1 TO 4:FOR UZ=1 TO 4:FOR VA=1 TO 4:FOR VB=1 TO 4:FOR VC=1 TO 4:FOR VD=1 TO 4:FOR VE=1 TO 4:FOR VF=1 TO 4:FOR VG=1 TO 4:FOR VH=1 TO 4:FOR VI=1 TO 4:FOR VJ=1 TO 4:FOR VK=1 TO 4:FOR VL=1 TO 4:FOR VM=1 TO 4:FOR VN=1 TO 4:FOR VO=1 TO 4:FOR VP=1 TO 4:FOR VQ=1 TO 4:FOR VR=1 TO 4:FOR VS=1 TO 4:FOR VT=1 TO 4:FOR VU=1 TO 4:FOR VV=1 TO 4:FOR VW=1 TO 4:FOR VX=1 TO 4:FOR VY=1 TO 4:FOR VZ=1 TO 4:FOR WA=1 TO 4:FOR WB=1 TO 4:FOR WC=1 TO 4:FOR WD=1 TO 4:FOR WE=1 TO 4:FOR WF=1 TO 4:FOR WG=1 TO 4:FOR WH=1 TO 4:FOR WI=1 TO 4:FOR WJ=1 TO 4:FOR WK=1 TO 4:FOR WL=1 TO 4:FOR WM=1 TO 4:FOR WN=1 TO 4:FOR WO=1 TO 4:FOR WP=1 TO 4:FOR WQ=1 TO 4:FOR WR=1 TO 4:FOR WS=1 TO 4:FOR WT=1 TO 4:FOR WU=1 TO 4:FOR WV=1 TO 4:FOR WW=1 TO 4:FOR WX=1 TO 4:FOR WY=1 TO 4:FOR WZ=1 TO 4:FOR XA=1 TO 4:FOR XB=1 TO 4:FOR XC=1 TO 4:FOR XD=1 TO 4:FOR XE=1 TO 4:FOR XF=1 TO 4:FOR XG=1 TO 4:FOR XH=1 TO 4:FOR XI=1 TO 4:FOR XJ=1 TO 4:FOR XK=1 TO 4:FOR XL=1 TO 4:FOR XM=1 TO 4:FOR XN=1 TO 4:FOR XO=1 TO 4:FOR XP=1 TO 4:FOR XQ=1 TO 4:FOR XR=1 TO 4:FOR XS=1 TO 4:FOR XT=1 TO 4:FOR XU=1 TO 4:FOR XV=1 TO 4:FOR XW=1 TO 4:FOR XX=1 TO 4:FOR XY=1 TO 4:FOR XZ=1 TO 4:FOR YA=1 TO 4:FOR YB=1 TO 4:FOR YC=1 TO 4:FOR YD=1 TO 4:FOR YE=1 TO 4:FOR YF=1 TO 4:FOR YG=1 TO 4:FOR YH=1 TO 4:FOR YI=1 TO 4:FOR YJ=1 TO 4:FOR YK=1 TO 4:FOR YL=1 TO 4:FOR YM=1 TO 4:FOR YN=1 TO 4:FOR YO=1 TO 4:FOR YP=1 TO 4:FOR YQ=1 TO 4:FOR YR=1 TO 4:FOR YS=1 TO 4:FOR YT=1 TO 4:FOR YU=1 TO 4:FOR YV=1 TO 4:FOR YW=1 TO 4:FOR YX=1 TO 4:FOR YY=1 TO 4:FOR YZ=1 TO 4:FOR ZA=1 TO 4:FOR ZB=1 TO 4:FOR ZC=1 TO 4:FOR ZD=1 TO 4:FOR ZE=1 TO 4:FOR ZF=1 TO 4:FOR ZG=1 TO 4:FOR ZH=1 TO 4:FOR ZI=1 TO 4:FOR ZJ=1 TO 4:FOR ZK=1 TO 4:FOR ZL=1 TO 4:FOR ZM=1 TO 4:FOR ZN=1 TO 4:FOR ZO=1 TO 4:FOR ZP=1 TO 4:FOR ZQ=1 TO 4:FOR ZR=1 TO 4:FOR ZS=1 TO 4:FOR ZT=1 TO 4:FOR ZU=1 TO 4:FOR ZV=1 TO 4:FOR ZW=1 TO 4:FOR ZX=1 TO 4:FOR ZY=1 TO 4:FOR ZZ=1 TO 4:FOR AA=1 TO 4:FOR AB=1 TO 4:FOR AC=1 TO 4:FOR AD=1 TO 4:FOR AE=1 TO 4:FOR AF=1 TO 4:FOR AG=1 TO 4:FOR AH=1 TO 4:FOR AI=1 TO 4:FOR AJ=1 TO 4:FOR AK=1 TO 4:FOR AL=1 TO 4:FOR AM=1 TO 4:FOR AN=1 TO 4:FOR AO=1 TO 4:FOR AP=1 TO 4:FOR AQ=1 TO 4:FOR AR=1 TO 4:FOR AS=1 TO 4:FOR AT=1 TO 4:FOR AU=1 TO 4:FOR AV=1 TO 4:FOR AW=1 TO 4:FOR AX=1 TO 4:FOR AY=1 TO 4:FOR AZ=1 TO 4:FOR BA=1 TO 4:FOR BB=1 TO 4:FOR BC=1 TO 4:FOR BD=1 TO 4:FOR BE=1 TO 4:FOR BF=1 TO 4:FOR BG=1 TO 4:FOR BH=1 TO 4:FOR BI=1 TO 4:FOR BJ=1 TO 4:FOR BK=1 TO 4:FOR BL=1 TO 4:FOR BM=1 TO 4:FOR BN=1 TO 4:FOR BO=1 TO 4:FOR BP=1 TO 4:FOR BQ=1 TO 4:FOR BR=1 TO 4:FOR BS=1 TO 4:FOR BT=1 TO 4:FOR BU=1 TO 4:FOR BV=1 TO 4:FOR BW=1 TO 4:FOR BX=1 TO 4:FOR BY=1 TO 4:FOR BZ=1 TO 4:FOR CA=1 TO 4:FOR CB=1 TO 4:FOR CC=1 TO 4:FOR CD=1 TO 4:FOR CE=1 TO 4:FOR CF=1 TO 4:FOR CG=1 TO 4:FOR CH=1 TO 4:FOR CI=1 TO 4:FOR CJ=1 TO 4:FOR CK=1 TO 4:FOR CL=1 TO 4:FOR CM=1 TO 4:FOR CN=1 TO 4:FOR CO=1 TO 4:FOR CP=1 TO 4:FOR CQ=1 TO 4:FOR CR=1 TO 4:FOR CS=1 TO 4:FOR CT=1 TO 4:FOR CU=1 TO 4:FOR CV=1 TO 4:FOR CW=1 TO 4:FOR CX=1 TO 4:FOR CY=1 TO 4:FOR CZ=1 TO 4:FOR DA=1 TO 4:FOR DB=1 TO 4:FOR DC=1 TO 4:FOR DD=1 TO 4:FOR DE=1 TO 4:FOR DF=1 TO 4:FOR DG=1 TO 4:FOR DH=1 TO 4:FOR DI=1 TO 4:FOR DJ=1 TO 4:FOR DK=1 TO 4:FOR DL=1 TO 4:FOR DM=1 TO 4:FOR DN=1 TO 4:FOR DO=1 TO 4:FOR DP=1 TO 4:FOR DQ=1 TO 4:FOR DR=1 TO 4:FOR DS=1 TO 4:FOR DT=1 TO 4:FOR DU=1 TO 4:FOR DV=1 TO 4:FOR DW=1 TO 4:FOR DX=1 TO 4:FOR DY=1 TO 4:FOR DZ=1 TO 4:FOR EA=1 TO 4:FOR EB=1 TO 4:FOR EC=1 TO 4:FOR ED=1 TO 4:FOR EE=1 TO 4:FOR EF=1 TO 4:FOR EG=1 TO 4:FOR EH=1 TO 4:FOR EI=1 TO 4:FOR EJ=1 TO 4:FOR EK=1 TO 4:FOR EL=1 TO 4:FOR EM=1 TO 4:FOR EN=1 TO 4:FOR EO=1 TO 4:FOR EP=1 TO 4:FOR EQ=1 TO 4:FOR ER=1 TO 4:FOR ES=1 TO 4:FOR ET=1 TO 4:FOR EU=1 TO 4:FOR EV=1 TO 4:FOR EW=1 TO 4:FOR EX=1 TO 4:FOR EY=1 TO 4:FOR EZ=1 TO 4:FOR FA=1 TO 4:FOR FB=1 TO 4:FOR FC=1 TO 4:FOR FD=1 TO 4:FOR FE=1 TO 4:FOR FF=1 TO 4:FOR FG=1 TO 4:FOR FH=1 TO 4:FOR FI=1 TO 4:FOR FJ=1 TO 4:FOR FK=1 TO 4:FOR FL=1 TO 4:FOR FM=1 TO 4:FOR FN=1 TO 4:FOR FO=1 TO 4:FOR FP=1 TO 4:FOR FQ=1 TO 4:FOR FR=1 TO 4:FOR FS=1 TO 4:FOR FT=1 TO 4:FOR FU=1 TO 4:FOR FV=1 TO 4:FOR FW=1 TO 4:FOR FX=1 TO 4:FOR FY=1 TO 4:FOR FZ=1 TO 4:FOR GA=1 TO 4:FOR GB=1 TO 4:FOR GC=1 TO 4:FOR GD=1 TO 4:FOR GE=1 TO 4:FOR GF=1 TO 4:FOR GH=1 TO 4:FOR GI=1 TO 4:FOR GJ=1 TO 4:FOR GK=1 TO 4:FOR GL=1 TO 4:FOR GM=1 TO 4:FOR GN=1 TO 4:FOR GO=1 TO 4:FOR GP=1 TO 4:FOR GQ=1 TO 4:FOR GR=1 TO 4:FOR GS=1 TO 4:FOR GT=1 TO 4:FOR GU=1 TO 4:FOR GV=1 TO 4:FOR GW=1 TO 4:FOR GX=1 TO 4:FOR GY=1 TO 4:FOR GZ=1 TO 4:FOR HA=1 TO 4:FOR HB=1 TO 4:FOR HC=1 TO 4:FOR HD=1 TO 4:FOR HE=1 TO 4:FOR HF=1 TO 4:FOR HG=1 TO 4:FOR HH=1 TO 4:FOR HI=1 TO 4:FOR HJ=1 TO 4:FOR HK=1 TO 4:FOR HL=1 TO 4:FOR HM=1 TO 4:FOR HN=1 TO 4:FOR HO=1 TO 4:FOR HP=1 TO 4:FOR HQ=1 TO 4:FOR HR=1 TO 4:FOR HS=1 TO 4:FOR HT=1 TO 4:FOR HU=1 TO 4:FOR HV=1 TO 4:FOR HW=1 TO 4:FOR HX=1 TO 4:FOR HY=1 TO 4:FOR HZ=1 TO 4:FOR IA=1 TO 4:FOR IB=1 TO 4:FOR IC=1 TO 4:FOR ID=1 TO 4:FOR IE=1 TO 4:FOR IF=1 TO 4:FOR IG=1 TO 4:FOR IH=1 TO 4:FOR II=1 TO 4:FOR IJ=1 TO 4:FOR IK=1 TO 4:FOR IL=1 TO 4:FOR IM=1 TO 4:FOR IN=1 TO 4:FOR IO=1 TO 4:FOR IP=1 TO 4:FOR IQ=1 TO 4:FOR IR=1 TO 4:FOR IS=1 TO 4:FOR IT=1 TO 4:FOR IU=1 TO 4:FOR IV=1 TO 4:FOR IW=1 TO 4:FOR IX=1 TO 4:FOR IY=1 TO 4:FOR IZ=1 TO 4:FOR JA=1 TO 4:FOR JB=1 TO 4:FOR JC=1 TO 4:FOR JD=1 TO 4:FOR JE=1 TO 4:FOR JF=1 TO 4:FOR JG=1 TO 4:FOR JH=1 TO 4:FOR JI=1 TO 4:FOR JJ=1 TO 4:FOR JK=1 TO 4:FOR JL=1 TO 4:FOR JM=1 TO 4:FOR JN=1 TO 4:FOR JO=1 TO 4:FOR JP=1 TO 4:FOR JQ=1 TO 4:FOR JR=1 TO 4:FOR JS=1 TO 4:FOR JT=1 TO 4:FOR JU=1 TO 4:FOR JV=1 TO 4:FOR JW=1 TO 4:FOR JX=1 TO 4:FOR JY=1 TO 4:FOR JZ=1 TO 4:FOR KA=1 TO 4:FOR KB=1 TO 4:FOR KC=1 TO 4:FOR KD=1 TO 4:FOR KE=1 TO 4:FOR KF=1 TO 4:FOR KG=1 TO 4:FOR KH=1 TO 4:FOR KI=1 TO 4:FOR KJ=1 TO 4:FOR KK=1 TO 4:FOR KL=1 TO 4:FOR KM=1 TO 4:FOR KN=1 TO 4:FOR KO=1 TO 4:FOR KP=1 TO 4:FOR KQ=1 TO 4:FOR KR=1 TO 4:FOR KS=1 TO 4:FOR KT=1 TO 4:FOR KU=1 TO 4:FOR KV=1 TO 4:FOR KW=1 TO 4:FOR KX=1 TO 4:FOR KY=1 TO 4:FOR KZ=1 TO 4:FOR LA=1 TO 4:FOR LB=1 TO 4:FOR LC=1 TO 4:FOR LD=1 TO 4:FOR LE=1 TO 4:FOR LF=1 TO 4:FOR LG=1 TO 4:FOR LH=1 TO 4:FOR LI=1 TO 4:FOR LJ=1 TO 4:FOR LK=1 TO 4:FOR LM=1 TO 4:FOR LN=1 TO 4:FOR LO=1 TO 4:FOR LP=1 TO 4:FOR LQ=1 TO 4:FOR LR=1 TO 4:FOR LS=1 TO 4:FOR LT=1 TO 4:FOR LU=1 TO 4:FOR LV=1 TO 4:FOR LW=1 TO 4:FOR LX=1 TO 4:FOR LY=1 TO 4:FOR LZ=1 TO 4:FOR MA=1 TO 4:FOR MB=1 TO 4:FOR MC=1 TO 4:FOR MD=1 TO 4:FOR ME=1 TO 4:FOR MF=1 TO 4:FOR MG=1 TO 4:FOR MH=1 TO 4:FOR MI=1 TO 4:FOR MJ=1 TO 4:FOR MK=1 TO 4:FOR ML=1 TO 4:FOR MM=1 TO 4:FOR MN=1 TO 4:FOR MO=1 TO 4:FOR MP=1 TO 4:FOR MQ=1 TO 4:FOR MR=1 TO 4:FOR MS=1 TO 4:FOR MT=1 TO 4:FOR MU=1 TO 4:FOR MV=1 TO 4:FOR MW=1 TO 4:FOR MX=1 TO 4:FOR MY=1 TO 4:FOR MZ=1 TO 4:FOR NA=1 TO 4:FOR NB=1 TO 4:FOR NC=1 TO 4:FOR ND=1 TO 4:FOR NE=1 TO 4:FOR NF=1 TO 4:FOR NG=1 TO 4:FOR NH=1 TO 4:FOR NI=1 TO 4:FOR NJ=1 TO 4:FOR NK=1 TO 4:FOR NL=1 TO 4:FOR NM=1 TO 4:FOR NO=1 TO 4:FOR NP=1 TO 4:FOR NQ=1 TO 4:FOR NR=1 TO 4:FOR NS=1 TO 4:FOR NT=1 TO 4:FOR NU=1 TO 4:FOR NV=1 TO 4:FOR NW=1 TO 4:FOR NX=1 TO 4:FOR NY=1 TO 4:FOR NZ=1 TO 4:FOR OA=1 TO 4:FOR OB=1 TO 4:FOR OC=1 TO 4:FOR OD=1 TO 4:FOR OE=1 TO 4:FOR OF=1 TO 4:FOR OG=1 TO 4:FOR OH=1 TO 4:FOR OI=1 TO 4:FOR OJ=1 TO 4:FOR OK=1 TO 4:FOR OL=1 TO 4:FOR OM=1 TO 4:FOR ON=1 TO 4:FOR OO=1 TO 4:FOR OP=1 TO 4:FOR OQ=1 TO 4:FOR OR=1 TO 4:FOR OS=1 TO 4:FOR OT=1 TO 4:FOR OU=1 TO 4:FOR OV=1 TO 4:FOR OW=1 TO 4:FOR OX=1 TO 4:FOR OY=1 TO 4:FOR OZ=1 TO 4:FOR PA=1 TO 4:FOR PB=1 TO 4:FOR PC=1 TO 4:FOR PD=1 TO 4:FOR PE=1 TO 4:FOR PF=1 TO 4:FOR PG=1 TO 4:FOR PH=1 TO 4:FOR PI=1 TO 4:FOR PJ=1 TO 4:FOR PK=1 TO 4:FOR PL=1 TO 4:FOR PM=1 TO 4:FOR PN=1 TO 4:FOR PO=1 TO 4:FOR PP=1 TO 4:FOR PQ=1 TO 4:FOR PR=1 TO 4:FOR PS=1 TO 4:FOR PT=1 TO 4:FOR PU=1 TO 4:FOR PV=1 TO 4:FOR PW=1 TO 4:FOR PX=1 TO 4:FOR PY=1 TO 4:FOR PZ=1 TO 4:FOR QA=1 TO 4:FOR QB=1 TO 4:FOR QC=1 TO 4:FOR QD=1 TO 4:FOR QE=1 TO 4:FOR QF=1 TO 4:FOR QG=1 TO 4:FOR QH=1 TO 4:FOR QI=1 TO 4:FOR QJ=1 TO 4:FOR QK=1 TO 4:FOR QL=1 TO 4:FOR QM=1 TO 4:FOR QN=1 TO 4:FOR QO=1 TO 4:FOR QP=1 TO 4:FOR QQ=1 TO 4:FOR QR=1 TO 4:FOR QS=1 TO 4:FOR QT=1 TO 4:FOR QU=1 TO 4:FOR QV=1 TO 4:FOR QW=1 TO 4:FOR QX=1 TO 4:FOR QY=1 TO 4:FOR QZ=1 TO 4:FOR RA=1 TO 4:FOR RB=1 TO 4:FOR RC=1 TO 4:FOR RD=1 TO 4:FOR RE=1 TO 4:FOR RF=1 TO 4:FOR RG=1 TO 4:FOR RH=1 TO 4:FOR RI=1 TO 4:FOR RJ=1 TO 4:FOR RK=1 TO 4:FOR RL=1 TO 4:FOR RM=1 TO 4:FOR RN=1 TO 4:FOR RO=1 TO 4:FOR RP=1 TO 4:FOR RQ=1 TO 4:FOR RR=1 TO 4:FOR RS=1 TO 4:FOR RT=1 TO 4:FOR RU=1 TO 4:FOR RV=1 TO 4:FOR RW=1 TO 4:FOR RX=1 TO 4:FOR RY=1 TO 4:FOR RZ=1 TO 4:FOR SA=1 TO 4:FOR SB=1 TO 4:FOR SC=1 TO 4:FOR SD=1 TO 4:FOR SE=1 TO 4:FOR SF=1 TO 4:FOR SG=1 TO 4:FOR SH=1 TO 4:FOR SI=1 TO 4:FOR SJ=1 TO 4:FOR SK=1 TO 4:FOR SL=1 TO 4:FOR SM=1 TO 4:FOR SN=1 TO 4:FOR SO=1 TO 4:FOR SP=1 TO 4:FOR SQ=1 TO 4:FOR SR=1 TO 4:FOR SS=1 TO 4:FOR ST=1 TO 4:FOR SU=1 TO 4:FOR SV=1 TO 4:FOR SW=1 TO 4:FOR SX=1 TO 4:FOR SY=1 TO 4:FOR SZ=1 TO 4:FOR TA=1 TO 4:FOR TB=1 TO 4:FOR TC=1 TO 4:FOR TD=1 TO 4:FOR TE=1 TO 4:FOR TF=1 TO 4:FOR TG=1 TO 4:FOR TH=1 TO 4:FOR TI=1 TO 4:FOR TJ=1 TO 4:FOR TK=1 TO 4:FOR TL=1 TO 4:FOR TM=1 TO 4:FOR TN=1 TO 4:FOR TO=1 TO 4:FOR TP=1 TO 4:FOR TQ=1 TO 4:FOR TR=1 TO 4:FOR TS=1 TO 4:FOR TT=1 TO 4:FOR TU=1 TO 4:FOR TV=1 TO 4:FOR TW=1 TO 4:FOR TX=1 TO 4:FOR TY=1 TO 4:FOR TZ=1 TO 4:FOR UA=1 TO 4:FOR UB=1 TO 4:FOR UC=1 TO 4:FOR UD=1 TO 4:FOR UE=1 TO 4:FOR UF=1 TO 4:FOR UG=1 TO 4:FOR UH=1 TO 4:FOR UI=1 TO 4:FOR UJ=1 TO 4:FOR UK=1 TO 4:FOR UL=1 TO 4:FOR UM=1 TO 4:FOR UN=1 TO 4:FOR UO=1 TO 4:FOR UP=1 TO 4:FOR UQ=1 TO 4:FOR UR=1 TO 4:FOR US=1 TO 4:FOR UT=1 TO 4:FOR UJ=1 TO 4:FOR UV=1 TO 4:FOR UW=1 TO 4:FOR UX=1 TO 4:FOR UY=1 TO 4:FOR UZ=1 TO 4:FOR VA=1 TO 4:FOR VB=1 TO 4:FOR VC=1 TO 4:FOR VD=1 TO 4:FOR VE=1 TO 4:FOR VF=1 TO 4:FOR VG=1 TO 4:FOR VH=1 TO 4:FOR VI=1 TO 4:FOR VJ=1 TO 4:FOR VK=1 TO 4:FOR VL=1 TO 4:FOR VM=1 TO 4:FOR VN=1 TO 4:FOR VO=1 TO 4:FOR VP=1 TO 4:FOR VQ=1 TO 4:FOR VR=1 TO 4:FOR VS=1 TO 4:FOR VT=1 TO 4:FOR VU=1 TO 4:FOR VV=1 TO 4:FOR VW=1 TO 4:FOR VX=1 TO 4:FOR VY=1 TO 4:FOR VZ=1 TO 4:FOR WA=1 TO 4:FOR WB=1 TO 4:FOR WC=1 TO 4:FOR WD=1 TO 4:FOR WE=1 TO 4:FOR WF=1 TO 4:FOR WG=1 TO 4:FOR WH=1 TO 4:FOR WI=1 TO 4:FOR WJ=1 TO 4:FOR WK=1 TO 4:FOR WL=1 TO 4:FOR WM=1 TO 4:FOR WN=1 TO 4:FOR WO=1 TO 4:FOR WP=1 TO 4:FOR WQ=1 TO 4:FOR WR=1 TO 4:FOR WS=1 TO 4:FOR WT=1 TO 4:FOR WU
```


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Walter Roberts, 501 Highland Ave.

Introduction

[illegible]

Major Features, Characteristics



100

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David Bruen, Caribou, Maine

10

[illegible]

1. *Journal of Management Studies*, 1996, 33, 1, 1-14.



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This correspondence is discussed in ref. 10. The authors are grateful to the referees for their comments.

This month's
programming project
shows how to draw
contour maps for
representing tables of
numbers. By Gary
Marshall.

PROGRAMMING PROJECTS

HAVE YOU EVER WONDERED how to write a program to draw a contour map? They crop up all over the place and, more recently, have been seen on the new, computerized BBC weather forecast. A contour map is always a good way to represent a large table of numbers, whether they record meteorological data or anything else, in a way that is easy to understand.

The use of contour maps inside the maps showing the heights of the terrain as found on an atlas, and the stress contours generated by computer-aided design programs that can provide a guide to the structural integrity of a building or an aircraft. This month's project is to write a program which, when given a table of numbers, can draw the corresponding contour map.



Figure 1. Contour map.

To give an example of what we want to do, the contour map shown in Figure 1 was produced from the numbers in the following table:

```

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 1
1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 1
1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 1
1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 1
1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 1
1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 1
1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 1
1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 1
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

```

When related to a weather map, the rectangular array of numbers corresponds to data collected from weather stations positioned neatly in a rectangular grid. This is the scenario which our program will deal with. Naturally, weather stations are not positioned regularly in practice, and have to be placed wherever it is suitable and convenient. The program we shall develop in this project can be generalized readily to draw a map for a set of numbers each of which has a point on associated with it.

The solution

The program will start by reading a square array of even numbers. There it will draw the contours for the odd numbers lying in between these even numbers in such a way as to fill the screen.

The even numbers are

4	•	6	•	8		4	5	6	7	8
•		•		•		•		•		•
6	•	6	•	6		6	6	6	6	6
•		•		•		•		•		•
8	•	8	•	8		8	8	8	8	8

(a)

4		6		8
•		•		•
6	•	6	•	6
<hr/>				
8	•	8	•	8

(b)

Figure 2.

As noted to that, for every number, the number next to it must be the same as it or the next even number above or below it. By inserting the number in between, we can get on with drawing the contour as quickly as possible. If we allow the table to contain any type of number, then we must spend a great deal of time computing such things as the range of the numbers and the values for the contours. This only obscures the point of the project, which is to draw contours. Once you have seen how the program does this it is not at all difficult to start to draw contour maps for less restricted tables of data.

Regarding the numbers so that a neighbouring number can only be one of three possibilities corresponds to drawing with straight lines which the data is 'smooth', and this is how it is in the majority of situations encountered in practice. Most terrains are

smooth, with cliffs occurring quite rarely, and meteorological data is mostly smooth, with only something like a hurricane providing the exception.

We can illustrate the way in which our program finds contours with the aid of Figure 2. We start with a table of numbers, such as

```

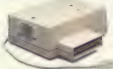
4 5 6
5 6 6
8 8 8

```

We then find a value for each point marked in Figure 2a that is mid-way between the numbers in each row and column. The table in Figure 2b is obtained by working out these values by taking the average of the numbers on either side of it. The contours can then be drawn, as in Figure 2c, by joining any of these points that has an odd number to an adjacent point with the same number.

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8/21

Figure 1. The effect of the concentration of the solution on the adsorption of the dye.

The major changes thermally as well as chemically occur at the top of the temperature range and are associated with the onset of the polymerization reaction.



Calvin took great time and got some blood tests, as shown by re-examining the

Agnes 1.6 (and has come up with a surname I vaguely associate with Garrow in the hope of identifying a descendant via one, by then I'm glad have regressed me further):





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E-

Dave Crisp looks at a
wordprocessing package and
gives a run down of printers
and interfaces.

BUSINESS
FILE

A Wordprocessor Package

WORD PROCESSING AGAIN? WELL, it may seem a bit apart from games this is what you will find most computers doing most often.

After trying many printers, countless interfaces and almost every wordprocessor, I think I am now in possession of the most versatile package available at the time.

I am not going to go over the pros and cons of wordprocessing software, because I want to have a look at the new wordpro from Pico, was first in case it turns better than the V, which at the moment is the best I have seen. That will be in a later issue. Instead I will, very briefly, mention the Wordpro software and then go onto the other end of wordprocessing, the printer.

There are basically two types of wordpro: Pre-formatted and post-formatted. The post-formatted type works on the principle that format characters typed into the document take effect only when the document is printed or when the document is viewed. This means that you cannot see the document as it will be printed without leaving the text editor. Pre-formatted wordprocessors allow you to 'see' the effect that the formatting symbols will have as you type.

bitstring is an example of a post-formatted type, and Visiwrite is of the pre-formatted variety.

Personally I prefer the pre-formatted software though it seems that opinion between users is split 50/50.

The main issue with the Cit is that most only display 40 characters at a time. This means that if your page is set anywhere over 40 characters you have to scroll over the page in order to see exactly what it looks like. A disadvantage but one that I have learned to live with.

There are many functions involved with text editing and so it is important to choose one which has logical commands, as nothing sets down typing more effectively than constant referral to a manual to find out how to insert a tab or so. But this means I go for Visiwrite.

Hardcopy

Going onto printers and printing you come across the problem of printer compatibility. The Commodore range of printers is not too bad, indeed over the

last 12 months Commodore has brought out some nice machines. However it seems that a lot of people want a printer from the Apple stable or one similar. This is a good choice though the last problem is that it is not compatible.

There is now a massive range of interfaces available in order to run Commodore printers from the Commodore. They start at about £70 and go on up to around £200.

Before you rush out and buy one, stop and see what your needs will be. If you only want to use a printer for listing programs and simple jobs then a simple and cheap software may be all you need. Then should cost between £70 and £90. It is simple, cheap and does the job. If you use the more popular commercial software you may find that software is built in which will drive the printer without the aid so to speak - before you spend - before you print.

If you are in a position where you get a lot of varied software and are never quite sure what you may need, it may be worth splashing out and getting a more versatile interface. These do not come cheap but can save hours of frustration when trying to re-align machine code driver software in order to avoid conflict with an expensive piece of new software.

The best of these 'HARD' interfaces plug into the serial port of your Commodore. This means that you can keep your own port free and use your printer in exactly the same way as a Commodore printer.

Some months ago I wrote about the GP Burroughes interface. I used above and said it was the best thing since wheelbarrow wheels. It was brilliant, it still is but I have one substantial reservation. It is the Macro Control Systems interface. It consists of a circuit board and five pins to connect to.

This board fits inside the printer and on some versions allows you to connect to it. In the printer case so you can drive cheap printers at a thought if it was a Commodore printer. However, interfaces are available for Epson, Kaga, Canon and more.

There is a small built in buffer which feeds your documents to the printer with smaller documents and a cable can be used either with junction or through software to allow you to choose different modes. These are full Commodore emulation, transparent, plus more depending on the version you have.

Commodore graphics are supported

and for the first time I am now able to get good screen dumps from software such as Asks and Doodle.

Using the board into the printer saves from any to badly depending on what printer you have so I do not doubt someone who knows what they're doing as printers tend to be fussy about where you press wild to send them.

Because these boards offer you two-pin sockets it means there is a connector part quote for those or you with more than one machine it means that you can have both plugged into one printer. By the way of my printer I have a 64 and or the other there is a bonus. It can be printing and you try to print from the other it will just wait. At first I thought I may get jammed garbage but that is not the case.

Once the Macro Control Systems interface is in place you can forget about it. It does not get in the way, it does not require constant switching in order to make it work and it does not clog up your port or require a 5V power supply from the printer port.

It is a wonder it is the best thing I've shared with anyone here!

The choice of printer depends a lot on factors. Prices are dropping but you should still expect to pay £200 plus for a versatile and fast-on machine. There is not to say that anything costing less is sub-standard. It may be just slower and have no features such as alias, proportional spacing, underlining, double carriage return, and most letter quality type etc, etc.

I am stuck on my Canon. It's fast, 190 cpi) quiet, compared to my first Canon daisywheel (and cheaper than an Epson 6-80).

It will cope with friction fed-legal sheet paper, fanfold and roll paper, without having to buy a roll holder as an option. In new with this is as good as anything I have seen as a matrix printer. It seems really fast the space it takes up on the desk is about the same as most, it is not unusually high. Paper jams are rare and loading paper is either roll, sheet or fanfold is simplicity itself.

In the End

If I were paying down to the local store a printer set up to go to school I would not hesitate and I would heartily recommend the Macro Control Systems Printer Interface and in the printer shop the CANON P10-100A. Not cheap but very impressive.




THE SECRET BEHIND THE NEW COMMODORE 64



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EPSON



ROUTINE

After Hart brings you
another article to
make life easier — this
month he deals with
the Exclusive-or
routine.

Exclusive—or Routine

THIS MONTH, I AM GOING to explore the workings of an Exclusive-or routine, which is often used in cases where there is a need to 'encrypt' or 'decode' the data in some form.

Obviously this is most useful where one wishes to protect data or programs and it should prove useful if you are already thinking along these lines. But first it is necessary to explain how an Exclusive-or works and how it differs from an Inclusive-or.

To understand both we need to look at the bit patterns of a series of numbers to reveal the operations that are performed.

Two numbers and this is why 200 exclusive-or 100 gives the number 280. You may confirm this by typing in direct mode: 200 XOR 100 and this is one answer provided by the most row of the table. On the other hand, an exclusive-or will only return a bit pattern of one if either (but not both) of the bit patterns is a one and therefore row four gives 200 exclusive-or 100 as 172. This is actually quite complicated to demonstrate in fact and one of the few instances where machine code is actually much easier than its high-level equivalent — all you need to code an Exclusive-or is LDA, XOR followed by XOR #d to get 2dC or 172. In fact you will need to type the following:

```
200 LDA 100 XOR 100 AND NOT
200 AND 100
```

Having got the 'coded' number, what are we going to do with it? We could save the data in this encoded form. The really interesting thing is to observe what happens when we Exclusive-or our 'new' number with the second of our original numbers. The second half of the table shows this

program, all we need to do is include the lines that form our program with a sequence of numbers. The result appears gibberish but technically no information has been lost. We can generate the sequence of numbers used to encode the program (this can be used as a key to 'unlock' or 'decode' the encrypted code).

Some excellent routines make use of the fact that the data in ROM is found in blocks as it were, and therefore use the ROM data to provide a sequence of numbers to encode the original. However this is alright so long as you stick to read-only machine but if it isn't suitable for Commodore's machines and announced changes to its ROMs and this might create a problem for the future. The approach I have taken in the sample program is to make use of a simple algorithm which generates a sequence of numbers in the range 0-255. These are used for encoding.

In the sample program, you will see that there are 255's followed by a ROM, quite early and then rapidly it alternates between with a final zero. Type in the line with spaces at all and the 1's perform to 80 spaces. To operate the program type 'RUN 2' and it will read the DATA statements for a machine code routine into the space provided by the screen. The rest of the program is of no consequence but merely a way of saving something.

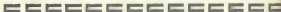
When you list the program the machine code in the DATA statements in line one will be converted to tokens and will look distinctly strange but do not worry. Note type 255, 255, 200. If you list the program it will not be encoded and will probably stop with a syntax error. Now list the program

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522	523	524	525	526	527	528	529	530	531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538	539	540	541	542	543	544	545	546	547	548	549	550	551	552	553	554	555	556	557	558	559	560	561	562	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570	571	572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595	596	597	598	599	600	601	602	603	604	605	606	607	608	609	610	611	612	613	614	615	616	617	618	619	620	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637	638	639	640	641	642	643	644	645	646	647	648	649	650	651	652	653	654	655	656	657	658	659	660	661	662	663	664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671	672	673	674	675	676	677	678	679	680	681	682	683	684	685	686	687	688	689	690	691	692	693	694	695	696	697	698	699	700	701	702	703	704	705	706	707	708	709	710	711	712	713	714	715	716	717	718	719	720	721	722	723	724	725	726	727	728	729	730	731	732	733	734	735	736	737	738	739	740	741	742	743	744	745	746	747	748	749	750	751	752	753	754	755	756	757	758	759	760	761	762	763	764	765	766	767	768	769	770	771	772	773	774	775	776	777	778	779	780	781	782	783	784	785	786	787	788	789	790	791	792	793	794	795	796	797	798	799	800	801	802	803	804	805	806	807	808	809	810	811	812	813	814	815	816	817	818	819	820	821	822	823	824	825	826	827	828	829	830	831	832	833	834	835	836	837	838	839	840	841	842	843	844	845	846	847	848	849	850	851	852	853	854	855	856	857	858	859	860	861	862	863	864	865	866	867	868	869	870	871	872	873	874	875	876	877	878	879	880	881	882	883	884	885	886	887	888	889	890	891	892	893	894	895	896	897	898	899	900	901	902	903	904	905	906	907	908	909	910	911	912	913	914	915	916	917	918	919	920	921	922	923	924	925	926	927	928	929	930	931	932	933	934	935	936	937	938	939	940	941	942	943	944	945	946	947	948	949	950	951	952	953	954	955	956	957	958	959	960	961	962	963	964	965	966	967	968	969	970	971	972	973	974	975	976	977	978	979	980	981	982	983	984	985	986	987	988	989	990	991	992	993	994	995	996	997	998	999	1000
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The first two rows of the table are the decimal numbers 200 and 100 converted into their binary patterns. An Exclusive-or is performed if there is a one in either of the

performing an Exclusive-or with the number we derived with the second number gives back the original number.

Machine instructions perform a series of data, or even a whole



EXCLUSIVE-OR

```

1 SYS2001:REM *****
2 REM DISABLE-POKE 888,100:POKE 888,04
3 UN=PEEK(443)+888+PEEK(44)+52
4 FOR J=0 TO 64:READ XIT=0:04
5 POKE UN+J,X:NEXT
6 IF 1<XIT:04 THEN PRINT"DATA ERROR":END
7
10 DATA 105,63,103,64,105,44,103,34
11 DATA 133,2,105,6,10,10,66,101
12 DATA 2,105,2,100,3,177,34,240
13 DATA 10,107,2,248,4,63,2,145
14 DATA 34,238,34,238,225,210,20,200
15 DATA 225,200,177,34,200,17,34,240
16 DATA 15,24,105,3,101,34,179,34
17 DATA 144,200,230,25,170,204,20,3,140
18
19
100 FOR J=1 TO 50
110 PRINT J,J+3,508,J:
120 NEXT J
200 REM = RECODE SYS LN

```

and after a light pause, while the data is read back, the program will be converted to its original form and its normal mode.

On entry, to save a program's unencoded form all you have to do is make a call to SYS2001 and then wait it. After a few lines flasher back the call to SYS2001 will read in and then decode the code which will do the conversion job before running the program if you wish to stop (provide branching into the program you can activate the RUN/STOP device) by removing the RUN part from line two and reenter the program as soon as it is entered by the SYS call as any 300.

To have the SYS call completely then adopt the following procedure.

1. Make a new line reading 0 SYS2001: RUN and press RTT. 88. Now jump the cursor over the second of the quote marks and press shift+5/74 to make it open up a gap of 34 spaces. Now just press DEL 34 times and then reentering your finger off the SHIFT key and a reverse T before you will appear. When the cursor is flashing over the last quote mark press space and RTT L200.
2. Remove the SYS call in line one and keep the RUN statement intact.
3. Make the 12 online three a 03, the checksum in line six, 2000 and the 85 in line 10 300. Now 88. 52 can be entered to ensure that the new SYS call is 2001 not 2003. On doing, line 3 will appear but be flashed off before it can be read by anyone.

88

PC	SR	AC	MR	YR	SP
10000	11	00	00	03	PC
0000	00	04			LDA #003
0001	00	02			STA #02
0011	00	20			LDA #02
0013	00	03			STA #03
0015	00	02			STA #02
0017	00	02			LDA #02
0019	00				ROL
001A	00				ROL
001B	00				SEC
001C	00	00			ADC #02
001E	00	00			STA #00
0020	00	01			LDY #001
0022	01	02			LDA 10001,Y
0024	00	10			BEQ #0025
0026	00	00			CMF #00
0028	00	04			BEQ #002C
002A	00	00			CMF #00
002C	01	00			STA 10001,Y
002E	00	00			INC #02
0030	00	00			DEC #0017
0032	04	03			INC #03
0034	00	01			DEC #0017
0036	00				INY
0037	01	02			LDA 10001,Y
0039	00				INY
003A	11	02			ORA 10001,Y
003C	00	00			BEQ #0040
003E	10				CLC
003F	00	00			LDA #0000
0041	00	00			ADC #02
0043	00	00			STA #02
0045	00	00			SEC #0017
0047	00	03			INC #03
0049	00	00			DEC #0017
004B	00				RTS
004C	00	00			ORA #00

Teacher's

Margaret Webb, our resident school mistress, demonstrates how music packages can be educational as well as fun.

One of the GREATEST benefits of making use of Classroom Learning is showing that some kindly relative has given one of the children a present or played it. It's not that I'm anti-music, by any means. I believe that music is an important part of life and that playing well on an instrument is a great skill. However, there are lots of computer packages that are more versatile than the standard instruments and real systems. The programs range from a professional package through to one which offers the capabilities of a synthesizer.

You may be aware that there are in range a lot of packages offering using keyboards driven by the MIDI interface. Most of these systems are rather expensive and outside my financial means. All of the packages discussed here cost less than £40 and only one offers a MIDI facility, notwithstanding their limitations, many of these programs offer useful facilities.

I have carefully chosen a range of software which encompasses a range of age groups and prices. Since you may wish to use this article as a possible shopping list, I have used price to categorise the software.

Under £10

Music Master with Introduction to Musicware™ is the cheapest of the packages I have had a description for, notwithstanding this, it's very good value. This program provides a simple but interesting music. The simplicity of music possible is a little limited by the fact that a single note is selected with a maximum of one duration, so seven screen lengths of music may be written and saved to tape as required.

The different sounds are provided — piano, pipe, trumpet, recorder and tambourine. The actual sounds are only approximations but sound possible. The full range of single note values and rests are provided and a useful notation is provided to enable you to make hard copies of the

music. Overall this is a cheap and very cheerful program which works well and provides a simple but effective means to create music.

Pet

Fisher-Price's Song Maker is one of a series of high quality cartridge based packages from this toy maker firm. The child is presented with a list of musical notes on shape icons. This selection is made with a joystick. The musical phrases emerge through a well known nursery rhymes such as Twinkle Twinkle Little Star and Pop Goes the Weasel. Play School favorites such as New Year's Eve and Farmer in the Dell and songs such as Five Peas in a Pod and Campin' Out. Overall there are 30 titles plus an option for the child to create a original tune.

Though at first sight this program may seem to be purely a play item, it does have an element of education. As the tune is played, a single note is shown on the screen, usually each note is represented by the musical notation allowing the child to see the relationship between the pitch of a note and its position on the musical staff. The child can then imitate any note by an on-screen shape. Each animal actually represents a different note or sound. During the Duck song a note, Betty the Bee, Oliver Octopus rings a bell, Mary Minkley uses his cell as a drum and Wilbur Winkle plays a note on his nose. When using the joystick, the child can change the note playing any specific note.

This game offers hours of fun while subtly reinforcing the educational aspects.

The Music Machine cannot be compared to a joystick or keyboard controlled and is aimed at the very beginner. It is, however, simple enough for younger children to use. The program allows the child to compose tunes using a cartoon character who holds the note and is guided into the correct position on the staff. However, rather than allow random choice, whenever the program forms the use of the correct next note of single chords that only one choice is allowed, making composition but is fast for this time. Random note choice is given. Only two systems of save are given but by use of the memory form of repair. The MMB about A is save 1 and B is save 2. Two options are given to choose the key C, D and G and the tempo (slow or fast).

There is a basic teaching element in this program with a program sequence recorded, but in spite of this, the game gives hours of fun.



£10 to £20

The Music Studio by Activision moves beyond basic note-making, single sounds composition and musical theory. This package provides the environment for the detailed manipulation of up to thirty notes and their incorporation in musical scores. Two distinct options are offered. For the semi-serious user, there is a simple music editor, for those wishing to simply create tunes without emphasis on musical accuracy, there is the music card box.

In keeping with modern trends, the program uses icons with options to select options. This system is simple to use and easy to understand.

Up to 15 person sounds are available, each streamed by a melody. These are selected by a simple pointing of a stick corresponding colour on the note paper.

The idea of other software is more emphasized in the early box. In this version you put the notes of your choice on the table or hole cards. Further they use the full note shapes, notes are simply shown as coloured blocks with lines proportional to their duration. You can edit or change the composition and modify it if that.

The music value is similar in many respects to the paid box but offers many of the facilities of music. Full notation is used and there are options for the full range of note values, accidentals (sharp, flat etc.), and notes, dotted notes and rests. The screen can either be a word processor with commands to copy and paste.

1. The value of both versions is that they can write as if they are showing how sequences of notes sound — almost a difficult step when trying to read such a sound sequence. Section 2 allows for manipulation of almost all aspects of the notes enabling you to create almost any sound. Finally, options are given to save music, include lyrics and make a hard copy on a printer.

1. This is an excellent and complete package which will appeal to users of all ages.

2. Music Construction Kit from Electronic Arts has disk based package and is available for many respects on the business program. Apple as from drive space is provided by which you take notes and place them on the musical screen. There are 13 preset values provided ranging from half-note and one through to drum and flow. There is no facility to edit the sounds but the preset provided are useful and effective. The general feel of this package is of serious musical accuracy with a more serious flavour. Several first diagrams are supported and a course for you know if you try to start on more notes per bar.

3. The disk is full of excellent demonstration pieces. To test the limits, a memory game is provided.

In both this package and the Auxiliary program offer more limited educational facilities in themselves, where they do exist. It is supplementary tools for use in connection with study of musical theory. As such, they are really of more value for children above eight years old.

4. Music Master by SuperSoft relies on the idea of using the computer as a musical instrument. In effect the program turns your C64 (and C16) into a synthesizer with a rhythm generator and a sequencer.

Graphically this package is far more impressive of the others, but in many ways it's more powerful. Most operations are

performed by specific screens with instructions provided at every step. There are also more help screens.

The package comes in two main sections. First, you have a real time synthesizer where the keyboard can be used to play notes as up to three notes full control over the notes is provided with the ability to make them interact in an almost infinite manner. Using this facility you can create the most interesting sounding sounds. A rhythm is provided which will drive up to ten of the notes allowing you to play a full set of accompaniment. This is great fun.

2. In a manner similar to the Academy and Electronic Arts packages, the program can be used to compose music. This musical notation is not used but the system automatically fills in sequences remembering a sequence of notes.



Over 425

Composers. Music Master by Commodore UK is marketed as a music value for beginners and musicians alike. A computer of a plastic keyboard which allows the composition. The box contains the key notes of the computer keyboard, including the notes of interesting sounds. The package also includes some software and a tutor.

The software effectively turns the keyboard into a musical instrument. It is a synthesizer using the function keys for notes. The screen used to show monophonic or polyphonic and also the sound of the notes. The means of changing the notation is very easy to use. Each note has a button, single operation is provided to allow you to create and save compositions.

A keyboard tutor is provided in the package. This gently guides the learner through the sequence of learning about music. The relationship between the keyboard and the musical notation is explained. The tutor consists of 27 notes, starting with every single for C4 (the C) and finishing with G4 (the G). There is a series of notes to go with the keyboard and a series to go with the keyboard.

There is a series of notes to go with the keyboard and a series to go with the keyboard. The notes are arranged in a series of notes to go with the keyboard.

Another place of interest to go with the keyboard is the Playing game of notes. There are several and keyboard which allow the user to play along with programmed tunes. One of the is a collection of popular classical ranging from the first movement to the March of the Toreadors. Others include Beethoven and the Great Spring.

Learning 415

One of the advantages of this package is that it is not just a tool but what you want from it. The majority of the software described above the creation of musical scores aimed at differing degrees of complexity. The first series of notes is to try them out at your local shop if possible and catch up the facilities against your needs.

The play along type of program are in the minority but they offer something more than simply music to hear. They are the kind of program that you need to hear more. There are also some educational value even by playing with the notes, the child will pick up a feel for notes and the relationship between notes.

Unfortunately, only the SuperSoft package offers both facilities — and does so quite well.

Since the dawn of the computer age the prices of home computers have been steadily falling.

But, remarkably, the price of a genuine, full featured disk drive has remained almost constant.

Constantly expensive.

You'll be lucky to pick up a decent one for less than £200 in the shops.

Now, however, you can have one delivered to your doorstep for only £119.95 (including VAT and postage and packing).

The new Itron Quick Disk from Radolin.

Its specifications are every bit the equal of a £200 disk drive, as a glance at our card above will confirm.

Quick Disk uses the very latest technology to store up to 100K on high quality Hitachi Maxxi double-sided 2.8" disks.

Its disk operating system (DOS) uses standard commands so it is truly easy to use as any computer novice will be glad to hear.

While the price will be compatible with most wallets, there is a Itron Quick Disk compatible with most computers - Commodore 64, Spectrum (16K, 48K and Spectrum plus), Aquarius, Dragon 64 and all MSX Systems.

And, naturally, included is an interface box plus all connecting cables and instructions.

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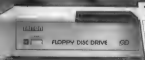
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RDG

Kazuki

Adventure 95



FROM A SUPERLATIVE HOME COMPUTER such as the C64 has limitations and the game demonstrates its graphics capabilities to their advantage. But at the reasonable cost of speed. The animation is by far the best I have seen but their movements are reminiscent of the slow-motion sequences in a Bruce Lee film.

As a Kazuki expert (the Kazuki is of the 11th) you have undertaken the task of releasing the imprisoned Princess Marika from the dangers deep inside the castle of Lord Akuma. Each section of the game is loaded separately from tape and the first sequence shows the imprisonment of the Princess in a sequence worthy of any cartoon on television.

The first person screen takes up the story from the point where the Kazuki hurls himself up over the edge of the cliff upon which the castle stands. Immediately before him is the gate to the castle courtyard and a guard ready for combat. Fortunately for our hero, where he stands Akuma is relatively weak, tied to the art of Kazuki and soon you are on your way past his huddled corpse, running through the courtyard prepared to fight your way to the side of the prison.

There are two modes for this fight in this game, one is the fighting position and the other is running. Now inside the Kazuki who inadvertently runs into a guard unprepared for battle, the first blow is always fatal and with only one life to lose his years of training will prove useless.

After getting entry to the castle inner guards are encountered but these battles are often preceded by an attack from Akuma's trained band of ploy which will deplete your stamina unless you look or watch your way out of trouble.

Successfully lighting your way through the maze will bring you to a challenge which helps to set the game above the plethora of Kazuki simulations which

appear to be flooding the market at the moment. You are faced with the problem of passing a flameless curtain which acts like a portcullis. The army Kazuki meets a rockman and as this point adds the sharpened points of the curtain and a little thought is required to pass the barrier.

The next phase lies well designed to the castle. Even the Princess has heard the rumour outside her prison and has a spring arrow. The tape appeared to a game told man, a Kazuki of anyone else, whose defeat leads you to a doorway which is apparently impenetrable, but attempt to push through results in a loss of stamina and much thought and forward planning is required to breach the barrier.

For the money Kazuki for sure is an action game which I have passed involving Melbourn Moore's highly successful Equilibrium II. Despite the low number of the main character, I found most of the involved in doing things to notice. If I were to suggest a top 10 of C64 games ever made, it would be a collection that would certainly feature it only for the quality of the graphics.

RBL

TERRAMOLINE (TM)

Adventure 1995



IT HAS TAKEN SOME TIME FOR THE authors of Terramoline to come up with their new offering but I can assure you that Terramoline is at least as universally amusing as its predecessor.

The object of this "well paced" adventure is to survive two weeks in the God-forsaken hole called Terramoline

and take 10 (good) holiday snaps to prove you've suffered it, and believe me when you've only got to the front door you're going to need a holiday!

The game starts with you as husband and father (the authors are obviously happy-makers) at home doing the packing which you've left till the last minute while

the car is on its way to take you to the airport. Simple, you may think, but there are certain things you have to find before you will even be allowed in the car, which presents a problem as the arrival of the taxi, to a certain extent, heralds the end of your packing time, and if you haven't finished your packing or, conversely, if you've packed too much, the taxi will drive off and leave you and that will be the end of your holiday. As you proceed through the game you will experience some quite funny pictures which are displayed whenever you have made a fatal mistake or you want to reveal one of your snaps to find out if it is a good one. This is important as you only have a file with 10 exposures and, as already mentioned, you've got to take 10 pics to win the game - that is if you accept that there are no winners in a game like this.

In short this adventure is everything you would expect from the group that created Hampstead and I'd like to congratulate them on not only a good follow up but allowing us all into the secret of what a good holiday is not about.

D.F.

HENRY'S HOUSE AND FRIENDS

English Software (C64)

HENRY'S HOUSE AND FRIENDS is, as the name suggests, a compilation package from English Software comprising four of their old favorites.

Three are arcade games and the last one, *Friend*, is an adventure with graphics not too dissimilar to *Level* from game, but unfortunately that's where the similarity ends.

They have been ported on one cassette with two games on either side. So one carries *Henry's House* and *Jet-Boat Jack*, both of which are platform games which are over at the lower levels quite difficult.

In *Henry's House* you find yourself as little Henry in the clockwork world of the royal household. I wonder if it is known what the little Henry is up to, since his little team-pool huts, but if she doesn't you'll find out when you play the game.

Four tasks to guide Henry round the screen collecting various goodies and avoiding some really gruesome obstacles, the basic where, if you're not quite enough, wrap on the little ship, so you (and HH of course) can proceed to the next level. It's a good game with traffic-light graphics but it needs some perseverance as the col-ored direction can only be described as Henry, which is something I found with all three arcade games in the bundle.

Next is *Jet-Boat Jack*. It's much the same as the previous game but I don't think it was as good, although it is quite difficult to get used to, and therefore well worth playing.



Task is a manual level and with *Jet-Boat Jack* Henry's up and down, its and along sides in an attempt to cross the largest music collection in the galaxy. The you can safely assume is not without its obstructions, namely bugs and goblins who are bent on stopping the intrepid Jack. These little bitches are disposed of by jumping up and down on the platform above them till they lose their guard rail to their doom.

That's one side of the tape done. On the other side is the adventure *Friend* and another arcade game called *Henry's Daughters*.

The adventure isn't that good merely due to its complete lack of an atmospheric description and its infamously small vocabulary. It is to be

the least completely unimpressive, but I suppose it's a good break from all that climbing, collecting, and saving you get in the other three.

Henry's Daughters is a subversive maze game where your task is to rescue the daughter who has been captured by the evil big biceps. To do this you must have various hazards such as deadly laser plants, swarms of amoebas, monster trains and an indescribable octopus. This, as I'm sure you can imagine is a great fun.

HH and *Friends* is a package well worth looking into. It will give hours of fun at a reasonable price. An ideal family entertainment suite for those boring film repeats at Christmas time - besides with four games on one tape it's sure space.

D.J.

MONTY JOHN THE BUN

Creative Concepts (NES)



Monty's out! After leaving jail in *Monty John*, this game picks up the story of his life on the outside.

As you might imagine, Monty's world is just as full of hazards as his imprisonment was and a reliable joystick will be needed if you are to help him complete his escape.

Each screen is filled with crawling slime, hissing beasts and tumbling rocks. Add to this the accompaniment of some of the best music I have heard in a game and the stage is set for fun and excitement.

One feature which lifts this out of the hundreds of other platform games is *Monty's Freedom Kit*. At various points in the game Monty will reach unbreakable barriers, impossible that it is if the correct item is not in *Monty's Kit*.

The list of objects for use in the kit consists of over 30 potentially useful items but only five of them can be used. At various points in the game and the hand of gun. With these items players at least gain entry that if *Monty's* game is to be can a way climb the ladder, jump over the run and go on smiling. The graphics for the game are quite varied but it is obvious that it is a conversion from the original Spectrum version though a few more drawings have been added to improve the look of it.

The animation of Monty's features are instead of jumping he consults everywhere throughout the fascinating game.

L.C.

ORM AND CHEEP: THE BIRTHDAY PARTY/NARROW SQUEAKS

Macmillan Software £1

each



ORM AND CHEEP HAVE QUICKLY established themselves as firm favourites on ITV's children's programmes and their adventures are ideal for a computer game in two.

These two cassettes from Macmillan Software bring the whole cast to the computer screen in a series of games which should hold a child's interest for quite some time. The games are by no means simple to play and require quite sophisticated manual abilities. On the other hand, the control of all the games is the same and one key is all that is needed. This can be on the keyboard or joystick so anyone can play.

The Birthday Party is Orm's celebration but the guests have to be found. It's a Cheep's job but first he must help Orm to find the ingredients for the birthday cake.

As Orm crawls under a shelf to get a candle, appears which indicates the current set of each set in play. When Orm reaches the edge of the screen a speech bubble appears with an ingredient needed and Cheep hovers over each set him. When you think he is over the ingredient, a beep is heard if you are right. If you are not all of the sets reach the floor one by one and the game starts again.

The next challenge is to wander through a simple maze to find the other party guests, Mouse, Hedgehog and Fox. Hidden are the underground tunnels which form a second, more difficult maze to solve.



Finding the first three is quite easy except that Hedgehog tends to be trapped by one of the villains of the piece, Crow. Rat, Cat and Fox are accompanied by the rather confused lot of friends, each of these enemies will disappear.

Each junction has a signpost where areas change colour one by one. When a point in the right direction you press a key and off Cheep goes.

Eventually the entrance to Cheep's home is found and Cheep must enter alone, live mole and get out again. At this point I would strongly advise mapping the maze because it is difficult to keep track of where you are.

Each tunnel leads to a small chamber with more tunnels leading from it. When you enter a new chamber the tunnel you have just used is shown at the bottom of the screen so that using a map you have to look at this way and that to follow Cheep's progress. To add to the complication, some of the tunnels are blocked by Rat, Cat and Crow.

Returning to the outside world the group makes its way back to Orm's house for the party. Cheep is a little hotspot and wants that everyone sits down in a particular place. As you move each guest around the table Orm watches his head and always is heard for each place watch is correctly filled by a guest. Since Orm's empty space is also indicated by a beep the game can be difficult to play and even I found it a challenge. It's not like playing Mastermind.

Once you succeed, Orm disappears to get his cake and Crow goes to bed causing everyone to panic and change places at the table. This does not suit Orm when he returns and once again the guests have to be rearranged into a new order under his direction before the party can get last proceed.

The second cassette, *Narrow Squeaks*, has a different set of problems to be solved. It begins with Cheep trying to wake Orm by piling up crockery which then crashes into a broken pile. This certainly wakes Orm and he surprised Cheep doesn't stand up as Cheep has after such appalling behaviour.

Next Orm is trapped by Crow and can only be rescued by watching the movements of his friends. When the patterns of movements change a finger will cause Crow to move further away until he eventually disappears off the screen and Orm can escape.

The friends are then trapped in a tree hollow by Rat and Hedgehog to protect them as the guests then out. This means keeping him between Rat and his friend as they move across the screen.

Finally a flood has flooded Orm away on his bed. As he is carried along by the flow he must keep the enemies floating on branches. He must steer his way so that he just touches the edge of each branch, spelling the enemy into the water.

After each session a scoreboard is shown but, instead of giving a numerical score, of sections of a picture is revealed.

Both packages are nicely illustrated in graphics and sound but I did feel that one or two of the games were extremely difficult for a young audience though perhaps with parental advice this could make it difficult which would make it more fun in any other need on.

ACTION REPLAY

DONALD DUCK'S PLAYGROUND

US Gold (1993)



WALT DISNEY'S SECOND MOST popular cartoon character poses the way for the much heralded education game distributed by US Gold.

Very American in flavor, this is an excellent vehicle for teaching children about the relationship between work, pay and spending in an ideal world. It's an ideal European world anyway.

After selecting one of the three levels of play we find Donald on the high street with shops to the left and work area to the right. Using a joystick you can guide him into any of three buildings but lacking money it's best to give the shops a miss and try a bit of good honest toil instead. No ducking the world of work, Donald.

The choice is between working in a retail store, a toy shop, produce market stall and veg market to eat or at an airport.

No matter which option you select the first task is to decide how long the job will last. Duration can be anything from one to eight minutes and as each job is completed a sum of money is added to Donald's earnings.

As a signaller, Donald must control an airfield or go into an railway network to get the Amquiack Express to its destination by the shortest possible route. In all one journey is completed a new destination is indicated and so on until the time runs out.

The toy shop tests a child's skill at matching colours and shapes. A toy will appear on the conveyor belt to the right of the screen and Donald has to position a ladder by the correct column of the set collect the toy and then climb up and place the toy on the correct shelf. To add to the fun, the Amquiack Express game where a clock runs down to zero and if Donald doesn't pull the chatters across all of the toys will fall off the shelves and smash to pieces.

Sorting fruit and vegetables is the task at the produce market. As each item is thrown from the back of a lorry Donald must catch it and drop it in the correct box. If he misses a catch or drops the item in the wrong box Donald's score is subtracted as he believes his distribution. He is coughing up I thought.

The final option is to be a porter at the airport. A conveyor belt carries flowers which have arrows on them which are to the letters on luggage can be moved across the screen. Then the kind of pine and asterisks will grow to inspect from baggage handlers would waste, Donald is made to grab a box and throw it in the general direction of the relevant track. If it lands in the correct one Donald earns



some money, if it lands in the wrong one nothing is said. Just like the real world, isn't it?

Once a sum of money is earned Donald can go to the shop to buy various items to add to the playground for his nephews Huey, Dewey and Louie. The three shopkeepers are Mackay Macaw, Marissa and Goofy.

Each item for the playground has a price and Donald can flick through the catalogue until he finds something he can afford. The picture then shows Donald's stock of money and a till. Using an arrow cursor, items can be moved one by one into the transaction square until the value is equal to or higher than the item he wishes to buy. If he needs change the till opens and you are invited to sort out the correct amount.

Items must be taken to select a sensible collection of items for the playground because it is three floors high so at least three ladders or jumps sets should be provided so that the nephews can climb up to play on the top level.

One strong complaint I have to make is that all the money is in dollars. Granted the instructions state, rather loosely, that this was maintained because of the complexity of the program and that it's good to learn about other people's culture (a culture the correct word?). If the designers are a group of educationists they ought to understand that this kind of p-p-y can completely dis-associate children from linking the game with the real world around them. Please US Gold request permission to change this and the questions to Macaw Huey and you will increase your revenue.

Despite this nigg it is the game I so-often and with trust and. Potentially a useful learning tool.

ED.



ACTION REPLAY

FRANK BRUNO'S BOXING

The System: 17.95 (and \$13.95 add'l)



THE GLOVES ARE OFF IN THE BATTLE for the boxing simulation market and I predict that this is the one which will take the championship.

The game is quite complex to play requiring the use of either a joystick and the controller or two joysticks. This means that it would be best if you had a joystick which could be held down by rubber bands, but I'm sure that some of the inventive minds out there will find their own solution to the problem.

of both fighters, below the line is the boxing ring itself.

At first the range of movements are limited to ducking, dodging left or right, head punches and body punches. As one of Bruno's punches makes contact, a line moves across the bottom of the screen and reveals a 3D symbol. When the symbol is reached the screen flashes green, thus the ability to use his strong right hook and uppercut to fight his opponent.

Each bout is a one round fight and if either of the boxes hit the canvas three times within the round they are out for the count and the bout ends. This is the only way to decide a fight, a points decision is not carried in.

The rest of the ring is an interesting one from lateral views. This makes a pleasant change from the usual lateral view that most strategy use and is usually more dynamic. The movements are noticeably more speed and the quality of the game is very high indeed.



Playing the role of Frank Bruno, there are eight opponents to be defeated on your way to the World Championship. Each new fighter has an attacking name according to his nationality and they become progressively more skilled and difficult to beat as you rise in status. Each fighter must be beaten before you can go on to meet the next one. The winner of the second round. On winning a match you are given an Elite Boxing Association Membership Card which is calculated according to your status. On selecting the last option from the menu you are asked for the code before loading will take place.

The game is found inside an excellent data file for the lessons is located on side two of the cassette version. There is a problem I found with this system is that the code is difficult to read but perseverance will eventually bring success.

The screen display is split horizontally and above the middle line you can see the score that I ended by a cartoon portrait

PARASITIC

The System: 17.95



A PARASITIC, MADRID, ORIGINALLY INVENTED as it is more correctly called, has been set in to support an already existing arcade inside on a large space freighter. Its communication system beams out a signal to your computer and from the stage received it is possible to clear the decks of danger and repopulate the ship.

As a bonus up to the ultra-rare Gribble's Day Out, the game displays the same smooth scrolling screen when the paratrooper is moved around the decks,

A parasite needs a host as an energy source and this hungry device is no exception. When a vessel is encountered the decision must be made whether to blast it with a beam from the twin laser guns or to suggest it. If the latter option is selected then the host vessel will sink and the screen changes to show a data interface with the paratrooper. At the top of the screen board is a square which must be changed to the correct value of power influence device if you are to survive or capture control. Failure results in an

explosion which will destroy both host and parasite, taking you back to the start of the game.

Limited energy resources make it essential to change host regularly or an alternative is to recharge at the power points scattered around the ship. To find these points often means logging on to one of the many computer links found on every deck. From here it is possible to call up a small scale map of the current level to see where the recharging stations are situated. It is also possible to display an overview of the arrangement of levels within the ship to plan your next move or gain information about the other decks.

After blowing your way around a particular level the rights are automatically directed to surface and there are no more decks around and it is time to find a lift to another floor where the whole process of blasting and overrunning starts again until the whole ship is cleared.

Although the programming of a high standard and the concept is sound, I found the game to be a bit monotonous. However, I describe the game as 'the thinking man's shooter' as I don't expect a first move the target before I'd accept that title.

A.D.

ENTERING
Alding (C&G) LTD.



David Parsons at a price everyone can afford (around £4000).

What you get for your money is a twin cassette pack containing the master program and plenty of questions to keep you busy but more than this, there is an editor program which allows you to create your own questions on tape.

The appearance of the game is fairly unimposing and it is obviously written in

Basic with no trimmings. But does not detract too much from the game and there are two redeeming features over any other version which I have seen.

Firstly, the questions are tailored for the British mark as though they are not too demanding, more like a junior version of penants. For example, which player scored three goals for England in the 1966 World Cup final and which famous QI was

once married to actress Bette Midler?

Secondly, instead of typing the answers into the computer each player must call out his answer and on passing it away the correct answer is revealed and the computer asks if you got it right. The eliminates problems such as knowing World War II only to find that the computer says that you are wrong and that the answer is the second world war! Of course this does not eliminate the work of simple fingered chores.

The questions fall into one of six categories and the board consists of a square ring of boxes each with a code corresponding to one of these subject areas. The corner squares and the centre square on the top and bottom rows are target boxes squares.

The computer rolls a dice to decide how many moves the current player can make, if the number is answered correctly, the player moves around the board. If the player is on a bonus square a point of per is awarded and the first player to equalise a point is declared the winner or answering a question from a category chosen by his opponents.

The one serious drawback to the game is that it doesn't speed load the questions and it takes ages to load each block of questions (10-15 mins). Half way through game the computer says have to load up another set which means another long wait, I hope there is a disk version on the way! J.C.

ANIS ASSASSIN

Amstrad CPC 486, 586



IT'S A LONG TIME SINCE I SAW AN ASSASSIN, who completed shoot-up in fact the last one I remember which was in 1940 as this was Creighton.

Assassin hunting is a familiar task for the warrior. A three dimensional god

snaymen into the distance and various geometrically shaped objects work their way quickly towards you. You have a gun which runs along the outer edge of the grid and you have to take everything that's thrown at you.

In this version a small spider appears on the grid and moves cross walls before the game starts. Then all hell breaks loose as various creatures hurdle along the grid swerving lanes as they go. Some are meant on making it up to the edge that you are patrolling while others intend mere cross walls.

If you find yourself in a sticky situation with lots or more 'things' on your base and you can move down the grid turn and fire back at them. Although the kind of activity can be totally absorbing, you

have to keep your wits about you and your eyes open because the walls spin and try to fill up a pathway and that's cannot be crossed so more of the dangerous kinds of creature can reach your row to connect you.

After a while, if you last long enough a giant spider appears which is the sign to push down one of the channels firing line away until you shoot off the end and a new grid is drawn.

Each grid differs from the last in shape and poses fresh problems. One in particular can totally confuse you as to which way to move the pyramid.

If you want a tip on how best to play this game I'll tell you. Keep firing and panic less away and with a bit of luck you'll win it though. J.B.

COMMODORE 64



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E-MACH 2

Here's part two of our
Machine Code
Development System
by Steve Carls. This
month we bring you
the Macro Processor.

The Macro Processor

This month I will get beyond all of the Macro Processor and finally explain more about MACROs and their use.

The Macro Processor is an "assembler" command. It is which is loaded by the Monitor and executed as if it was an external command. The program resides in memory at 9000 hex and is called at this address. The call command should contain the names of the files which are to be processed—more on this later.

Type in the four lines into reg given here. Again I suggest that you save them all before R/Chng.

When they are ready, R/Ch them in sequence (9000 to 9003) then save the generated program with the command

```
POK4:09 POK6:4144 POK1
4:32 POK14:796 PAK1
MACRO 8:1
POK6:413 POK6:416 POK
```

or you can use the monitor's command giving MACRO12:8000 and 9000 as its name, first address and last address, respectively. Either way, you should now have a copy of the finished program.

Running the Macro Processor

The syntax of the external command for calling the Macro Processor is

MACRO (assemble) (input-file) (macrolibraryfile)

The macro library file is optional and can be the name of a library file up to 16 in length. Note the spaces between each entry. These must be included if files are assembled from the command; the Macro Processor will require them by issuing the prompt IN:FILE. PAK1:4416 is whereupon you should enter the names of the files in the same format as above, without the command MACRO of course.

Macros and Their Uses

In a machine code program, there may be sections of code which are identical or nearly identical differing only in the operands. It can become rather tedious having to type in those copies of the same text. Wouldn't it be better to have some sort of "macro" code generator which would accept some parameters and insert the text to suit?

This is basically what a MACRO is. A section of code which can be altered to suit a particular application. The programmer gives the MACRO a name and supplies parameters and the processor generates the code. MACROs may be kept in library files or appended onto the end of a program.

To make this a bit clearer, consider the following example. Suppose on a program, a sequence of three exact identical lines appears such as several different

addresses. On any occasion it may be

```
DELAY1 100 50
DEL1 010 50
DEL1 000 50
```

and on another occasion it may be

```
DELAY2 100 50
DEL2 010 50
DEL2 000 50
```

As you can see, they are very similar, differing only in operands and symbols. For reference only, I will call the first example DELAY1 and the second DELAY2. These are actually the symbols used and not the name of the MACRO.

OK let's make the definition of code a MACRO. To form a MACRO we have to define it by providing the actual code with a couple of lines containing the name and any parameters used. A MACRO at our routine thus becomes

```
MAC
closing delimiter
L DELCOOL TIME
... define on file
L 100 5050
actual code
DEL1 000 50
END
MAC
closing delimiter
```

Every MACRO has an opening and a closing delimiter. The delimiter line contains the name of the macro and any parameters used in the body of the routine itself. Here, L is a formal parameter for a label supplied by the MACRO call, TIME is a formal parameter for the actual delay amount and DELCOOL is the name by which the MACRO is to be called.

Note that L is positioned in field 3 (inside the first bar) of the routine. If a parameter is declared in a MACRO definition, then the actual parameter must be supplied in the call. An exception to this rule is the symbol parameter in field 2; here, this is like L. This is also used in the definition, it may or may not be in the call. However, if any MACRO call contains more parameters than are in the definition, an error will occur.

One other thing here: notice the DEL1:R symbol in the format, such was the MACRO is called the L will generate a unique symbol by adding numbers onto the end of the DEL.

This number is a serial number which is incremented for each MACRO call. Thus, if the macro call is the first, the symbol will become DEL000 and if the call is the eighth, it will become DEL007.

Right, our MACRO is ready to be called. The format of the calling line is, in these cases

```
DELAY1 DELCOOL 00 and
DELAY2 DELCOOL 80
```

Now, assuming our MACRO was to be called by the first of these two lines or DELAY1 then the generated code would be

```
DELAY1 100 50
DEL000 010 50
DEL000 000 50
```

assuming that this was the first MACRO call.

Our second example, assuming it was the second MACRO call would be

```
DELAY2 100 50
DEL001 010 50
DEL001 000 50
```


the I/O and out to the Monitor.

What the MACRO does is to generate code which, when assembled, will output a prompt given by the user parameter PROMPT and accept a line of input from the keyboard. When return is pressed, the start address of the area of memory where the input line has been stored by the BASIC ROM routine \$150 is put into a pair of locations given by the user parameter POINT18.

Now we will deal with the actual program. When it is finally assembled, it will:

- 1 Clear the screen.
- 2 Print a prompt.
- 3 Accept input from the keyboard.
- 4 Print out what was typed in.

It will use the MACRO GETLINE for steps two and three. Don't worry too much about the meanings of the various parameters such as ORG and EQU. These will be explained when I deal with the assembler.

Again, there is a help heading to help you. Enter the names and give the filename as MAC101.T. Later, auto-numbering mode and type the following:

FIELD	FIELD	FIELD	FIELD
16	ORG	ORG	\$C000
20	ITESTPOINT	ORG	\$14
0	CHECK1	ORG	\$1100
40		ORG	100
60		ORG	CHECK1
80		ORG	INSTRUP1
70		ORG	0
80	LOOP1	ORG	TESTPOINT1
90		END	
100		ORG	CHECK1
110		ORG	
120		ORG	LOOP1
130	END	ORG	0
140	INSTRUP1	ORG	INSTRUP1
150		END	

For the editor using the * command and type ORG. You should now have two new files called MAC101 and MAC101.T. To see them, use the TYPE command in the form TYPE MAC101 or TYPE MAC101.T. The Monitor will tell them directly to the screen. Note that

the MACRO is to generate a subprogram and not, in this case, a new code.

As you can see, the MACRO GETLINE is called in line 140 before the point parameter. Instead of spaces between the words, there are dashes. This is an unfortunate restriction imposed by the Macro Processor. Parameters must not contain spaces. Multiple parameters should be separated by commas. The Macro Processor will only allow characters which are relevant to the assembler to be passed through.

Right. Now we will process the file MAC101.T. Give the following Monitor control command:

MACRO MAC101.T MAC101.MAC101.B

Note that MAC101 is the name of the output file. The disk drive will activate and after a few moments, the screen will clear and the following message will appear:

COMPILED OK LIBRARY
MAC101
MACRO PROCESSOR YES
(C) 1981 SDC

There will be much disk activity and, if all is well, the monitor will re-display the monitor. Type ORG and you should see that all the MAC101 has been created. Use the TYPE command to list the file to the screen. You should see that the program has entered the

MACRO where the call was and that the parameters have been entered in their correct places. Note that, because the Macro Processor performs a number on the file, the line numbers will be different. Keep this program for later assembly.

Now, if you have been given an error message by the

Error Summary

There now follows a summary of error messages given by the Macro Processor. When an error is detected, the message is printed along with a line number, and the processing is aborted. The line number may not be a 16-bit value, so watch out.

Error Message

FIELD 1 NAME,10

ERROR NAME NO

UNDEF'D MACRO

MACRO NAME

FIELD 1 LENGTH

FIELD 4 SYNTAX

MISSING COLUMN

MISSING PARAMETER

NO SUCH PARAMETER

MISSING NAME

FILE ERROR

PARAMETER STACK OVERFLOW

BITICAL SERIAL FORMAT

Meaning

All field 2 errors are limited to a maximum length of nine characters. The Macro Processor does not allow nested MACRO definitions. In other words, a second MAC was found before the first MAC had its nested calls are allowed.

The MACRO call does not exist. The name is too long or it is of an illegal type.

Same length conditions as field 2 apply to field 3 parameter versus error. Apply to field 4 only. Although field 4 may extend for 16 chars, each entry may only be up to nine chars long.

Field 4 again. There must be an equal number of actual and formal parameters in a MACRO. Too many actual parameters given in a MACRO call. eg. MACRO name using in the MACRO definition.

There was a problem with the disk, typically the write prompt was off. MACRO call may be nested up to 12 levels. This error is generated when it is exceeded. Only the 16-bit format may be used to use a 16-bit value.

process, check your two source programs for mistakes. It has to be said that the error messages are not all they could be, but at least they are better than similar type numeric codes.

Next month will come the assembler listings and a description of the various symbols, instructions etc. You will also be able to assemble the example program given earlier and run it.



> > > > >

Main Listing 1

```

10 DATA 78,7,151,147,13,67,79,77,7
7,79,88,73,82,83,32,84
20 DATA 52,32,85,84,73,76,73,84,88
,32,83,82,82,73,69,83
30 DATA 13,77,65,67,82,73,32,80,82
,73,67,68,83,83,79,82
40 DATA 32,88,79,78,78,13,40,67,41
,32,48,57,58,53,32,83
50 DATA 48,68,48,67,48,13,13,0,88,
78,84,83,82,32,70,73
60 DATA 76,83,78,85,77,88,70,83,71
,32,0,147,13,77,65,67
70 DATA 82,73,32,80,88,79,67,83,83
,83,73,82,32,83,82,82
80 DATA 79,82,32,76,78,71,13,13,0,
70,73,62,76,69,32,50
90 DATA 27,78,69,78,71,84,72,0,73,
76,76,69,71,69,76,32
100 DATA 78,83,83,84,73,78,71,0,86
,79,68,69,70,39,68,32
110 DATA 77,85,67,82,79,0,77,65,67
,82,78,32,78,65,77,69
120 DATA 0,70,73,62,76,68,32,51,32
,76,82,78,71,84,72,0
130 DATA 70,73,63,78,88,32,62,32,0
3,88,78,84,88,88,0,77
140 DATA 73,83,83,73,78,71,32,88,8
5,76,79,77,73,84,83,82
150 DATA 0,77,73,83,83,73,78,71,32
,80,88,82,66,77,83,84
160 DATA 68,82,0,78,78,32,83,85,87
,72,32,80,66,82,88,77
170 DATA 68,84,88,82,0,77,73,83,83
,73,78,71,32,78,85,77
180 DATA 68,0,70,73,76,48,32,68,82
,68,78,82,0,80,85,82
190 DATA 83,77,83,84,68,82,32,83,8
4,88,87,73,32,78,88,69
200 DATA 82,70,76,78,87,0,73,76,76
,69,71,82,76,32,83,68
210 DATA 82,73,68,78,82,70,79,82,7
7,88,84,0,0,0,171,144
220 DATA 136,144,152,144,166,144,1
77,144,182,144,207,144,226,144,243
,144
230 DATA 5,145,18,146,28,146,54,14
5,66,68,67,65,70,68,68,83
240 DATA 78,68,67,67,66,67,83,66,6
9,81,88,73,84,66,77,73
250 DATA 68,78,68,68,80,76,66,82,7
8,68,68,67,66,68,83,67
260 DATA 78,67,67,76,68,67,76,73,8
7,76,88,67,77,80,67,82
270 DATA 88,67,80,88,88,83,67,68,6
9,88,88,83,88,88,73,82
280 DATA 73,78,67,73,78,88,73,78,8
9,79,77,80,74,83,82,78
290 DATA 68,68,78,68,88,76,68,88,7
6,83,82,78,79,80,78,82
300 DATA 66,88,72,65,80,72,80,80,7
6,65,80,78,80,82,78,78
310 DATA 82,78,88,82,84,73,82,84,8
3,83,66,67,83,88,87,83
320 DATA 68,68,83,83,73,83,84,66,8
3,84,88,83,84,85,84,85
330 DATA 88,84,85,83,84,83,88,84,8
8,66,84,83,83,84,89,66
340 DATA 77,65,67,77,78,88,68,83,7
0,88,83,84,84,89,84,87
350 DATA 88,68,68,68,85,85,79,82,71,6
9,81,85,83,78,88,83,88
360 DATA 84,82,121,0,208,13,163,78
,160,144,32,80,171,32,56,185
370 DATA 194,122,132,123,32,115,0,
240,232,32,2,130,142,284,2,132
380 DATA 251,160,2,132,252,160,0,1
77,251,153,286,2,208,204,394,2
390 DATA 144,245,189,0,141,208,2,3
2,121,0,32,2,130,142,240,2
400 DATA 132,251,160,2,132,252,160
,0,177,251,153,241,2,208,204,240
410 DATA 2,144,245,32,121,0,240,25
,32,2,130,142,208,2,132,251
420 DATA 160,2,132,252,160,0,177,2
51,153,208,2,208,204,208,2,144
430 DATA 245,32,166,1,41,254,133,1
,88,165,1,5,1,133,1,96
440 DATA 122,12,141,32,208,160,0,1
41,134,2,163,3,160,144,78,30
450 DATA 171,160,0,177,122,170,200
,177,162,133,123,134,122,98,169,0
460 DATA 133,63,133,70,133,71,141,
84,3,141,80,3,141,86,3,160
470 DATA 4,177,122,153,60,3,240,27
,200,132,14,144,244,177,162,153
480 DATA 66,3,240,15,200,132,27,17
4,244,177,122,153,78,3,240,3
1000 FORK=36864 TO 37631
1010 READ:POKE,0
1020 NEXT
1030 PRINT"FINISHED"

```

```

10 DATA 200,208,216,180,0,188,84,3
,32,30,130,144,10,200,132,10
20 DATA 144,212,162,1,76,212,150,2
01,48,240,242,201,84,240,238,132
30 DATA 88,201,0,240,38,180,0,188,
80,3,32,30,130,144,10,200
40 DATA 132,10,144,212,188,5,76,21
2,150,132,70,201,0,240,12,180
50 DATA 0,188,88,3,240,3,200,208,2
48,132,71,88,188,70,201,3
60 DATA 208,48,188,104,188,144,132
,81,134,82,182,0,180,0,177,64
70 DATA 212,88,3,208,6,200,132,3,1
44,214,80,232,224,87,240,16
80 DATA 188,81,24,188,3,132,61,188
,62,108,0,132,82,78,80,147
90 DATA 24,88,180,0,3,48,72,188,84
,144,252,200,104,144,252,200
100 DATA 88,188,12,24,101,252,132,
252,168,254,108,0,132,254,188,0
110 DATA 168,148,252,88,188,0,32,1
30,177,188,68,144,252,240,17,200
120 DATA 182,0,188,84,3,144,252,20
0,232,288,63,144,212,32,144,147
130 DATA 88,134,2,188,88,1,32,30,1
30,144,6,144,252,200,232,208
140 DATA 242,201,84,240,242,201,32
,240,242,201,80,240,238,201,62,240
150 DATA 234,201,88,240,230,201,32
,240,226,201,32,240,228,201,42,240
160 DATA 218,201,48,240,214,228,2,
240,14,132,52,138,58,228,2,180
170 DATA 2,144,252,184,88,88,88,20
1,0,208,2,24,88,182,8,78
180 DATA 218,180,188,71,240,41,182
,0,188,1,132,84,188,94,32,130
190 DATA 147,200,32,130,147,144,24
,200,32,148,147,230,84,182,88,3
200 DATA 240,13,201,74,208,4,232,7
8,88,148,182,5,76,212,130,88
210 DATA 188,0,182,188,132,252,134
,284,180,0,182,148,252,32,184,147
220 DATA 76,18,148,180,0,188,70,13
8,208,8,182,10,76,212,130,148
230 DATA 67,232,134,2,200,188,73,3
,148,52,200,188,2,144,216,180
240 DATA 10,188,88,148,52,200,188,
80,148,52,200,188,0,148,52,188
250 DATA 24,181,52,133,52,148,60,1
08,0,132,88,88,32,182,148,160
260 DATA 0,188,0,2,148,88,200,132,
4,144,218,188,0,2,148,88
270 DATA 240,3,200,208,248,200,182
,24,101,88,132,88,188,80,108,0
280 DATA 132,60,76,188,148,182,0,1
88,32,152,8,8,232,224,80,144
290 DATA 240,88,180,0,177,182,182,
0,2,200,132,4,144,218,88,180
300 DATA 0,182,4,188,88,240,12,188
,84,3,152,0,2,232,200,188
310 DATA 88,208,244,88,180,0,182,1
4,188,70,240,12,188,80,3,152
320 DATA 0,2,232,200,138,70,208,24
4,88,180,0,182,24,188,71,210
330 DATA 12,188,88,3,152,0,2,232,2
00,188,71,208,244,88,182,78
340 DATA 188,0,2,201,32,208,3,202,
208,248,232,188,0,182,0,2
350 DATA 88,188,0,182,188,132,80,1
34,81,88,188,12,84,101,80,132
360 DATA 88,188,81,188,0,132,81,88
,32,33,148,180,0,177,80,240
370 DATA 88,188,88,200,200,208,80,
208,34,200,182,0,177,80,221,84
380 DATA 3,208,24,200,232,228,88,1
44,212,180,0,177,80,152,84,3
390 DATA 200,177,80,152,84,3,200,1
32,88,88,88,32,48,142,78,58
400 DATA 148,84,88,182,252,180,252
,232,200,188,88,3,32,30,130,178
410 DATA 10,188,160,3,201,0,240,10
8,78,112,148,134,88,132,88,32
420 DATA 33,148,188,88,180,0,132,2
,177,80,208,24,188,88,184,82
430 DATA 188,88,3,32,30,130,144,80
8,188,188,3,201,0,240,88,200
440 DATA 232,76,180,148,200,200,17
7,80,132,84,200,188,88,3,200,80
450 DATA 208,83,200,232,230,2,188,
2,152,84,208,238,188,88,3,32
460 DATA 30,130,178,88,180,0,188,3
8,134,88,170,177,80,152,180,3
470 DATA 200,232,177,80,152,180,3,
232,134,88,184,88,188,88,78,121
480 DATA 148,200,132,71,78,258,148
,38,48,148,188,88,78,148,148,182
1000 FOR% = 27632 TO 30000
1010 READ A:POKE% ,A
1020 NEXT
1030 PRINT "FINISHED"

```

Stack Listing 1

```

10 DATA 0,169,180,3,157,99,3,232,2
20 71,141,215,50,32,181,148
30 DATA 32,207,148,32,829,148,32,2
40 148,32,14,148,78,140,148,163
50 DATA 0,162,182,133,57,134,50,18
60 0,133,18,163,0,162,160,133
70 DATA 53,134,60,82,165,43,166,44
80 133,162,134,163,160,1,177,182
90 DATA 208,18,185,18,209,8,160,0,
100 152,145,53,200,145,32,56,168
110 DATA 7,76,215,150,32,208,146,18
120 5,18,208,40,32,70,147,144,32
130 DATA 224,50,240,3,224,57,208,64
140 162,7,76,215,150,168,255,133
150 DATA 18,32,133,148,32,206,146,3
160 2,63,148,32,64,148,32,13,160
170 DATA 76,168,180,32,76,147,144,2
180 3,224,57,208,18,185,0,133,18
190 DATA 32,13,180,76,168,160,224,
200 56,208,5,162,2,76,215,150,32
210 DATA 56,148,32,115,148,32,13,1
220 56,32,163,146,76,60,180,133,34
230 DATA 134,35,24,180,1,177,34,24
240 0,29,180,4,200,177,34,208,261
250 DATA 200,162,161,34,170,180,0,
260 145,34,165,36,165,0,200,145,34
270 DATA 134,64,133,35,144,221,36,
280 130,10,72,168,81,160,144,30,30
290 DATA 171,104,170,189,76,145,18
300 8,77,145,32,30,171,163,32,32,210
310 DATA 255,160,2,177,182,133,57,
320 200,177,182,133,56,32,134,168,32
330 DATA 18,180,182,25,168,0,3,32,
340 176,146,32,36,132,32,43,146
350 DATA 32,31,150,173,208,2,240,3
360 5,162,1,162,8,180,255,32,166
370 DATA 255,173,208,2,162,208,160
380 2,32,168,255,163,0,64,32,213
390 DATA 255,144,5,162,11,76,215,1
400 50,32,52,150,163,1,162,8,160
410 DATA 255,32,166,255,238,32,208
420 173,224,2,162,225,180,2,32,168
430 DATA 255,169,0,24,32,213,255,1
440 44,5,162,11,76,215,150,32,52
450 DATA 160,238,32,208,32,162,146
460 169,0,162,160,32,174,160,32,163
470 DATA 146,32,168,162,32,173,161
480 32,225,151,32,204,181,32,204,161
490 DATA 32,204,255,32,240,151,144
500 3,76,57,152,32,206,146,32,76
510 DATA 147,176,6,32,60,155,76,13
520 1,151,224,65,208,3,76,54,152
530 DATA 224,56,208,3,76,57,162,32
540 230,152,76,131,151,173,224,2
550 DATA 162,225,160,2,32,168,255,
560 168,3,162,0,160,3,32,168,255
570 DATA 24,32,168,255,178,21,32,1
580 83,255,208,16,56,36,207,255,238
590 DATA 32,208,72,32,163,255,208,
600 2,104,59,104,32,227,151,162,11
610 DATA 76,215,150,32,204,255,163
620 2,76,168,255,162,1,76,168,255
630 DATA 32,235,151,162,4,134,2,32
640 204,151,141,0,2,32,204,151
650 DATA 141,1,2,201,0,240,42,32,2
660 04,151,141,2,2,32,204,151
670 DATA 141,3,2,32,204,151,166,2,
680 167,0,2,201,0,240,5,232
690 DATA 134,2,208,238,32,204,255,
700 169,0,162,2,133,152,134,123,64
710 DATA 56,32,204,255,56,68,32,23
720 0,152,32,227,161,160,0,152,145
730 DATA 73,200,145,73,200,162,24,
740 161,73,133,45,165,74,105,0,133
750 DATA 48,165,43,166,44,32,174,1
760 50,32,30,130,32,147,168,168,15
770 DATA 32,135,255,68,0,130,163,3
780 133,56,133,23,133,160,163,73
790 DATA 166,44,133,73,134,74,160,
800 0,152,145,73,200,145,73,165,15
810 DATA 32,155,255,32,36,130,162,
820 15,32,201,255,163,73,32,210,255
830 DATA 76,204,255,160,1,177,43,2
840 08,1,95,167,0,189,241,2,157
850 DATA 163,3,232,238,240,2,144,2
860 44,232,232,232,142,240,2,168,64
870 DATA 160,48,162,58,145,160,3,1
880 40,161,3,142,162,3,173,240,2
890 DATA 162,180,180,3,32,169,255,
900 169,1,160,255,180,8,32,168,255
910 DATA 168,43,168,45,164,46,24,2
920 2,218,255,176,7,56,32,163,255
930 DATA 208,1,56,75,222,151,165,7
940 3,168,74,133,53,134,60,32,140
950 DATA 148,165,53,166,60,163,73,
960 134,74,168,4,160,2,32,30,171
970 FOR%30=30400 TO 30467
980 READ A,P,OK%8,A
990 NEXT
1000 PRINT"FINISHED"

```

Matrix Listing 4

```

10 DATA 76,18,130,160,0,177,86,208
17,230,86,208,2,230,86,86
20 DATA 168,12,24,101,86,133,86,16
5,86,168,0,133,86,76,5,133
30 DATA 186,86,168,86,133,253,134,
254,86,168,2,101,86,24,168,1
40 DATA 201,10,240,3,148,86,86,168
0,148,86,202,16,237,86,168
50 DATA 0,162,132,133,67,134,86,18
2,0,160,0,177,57,208,5,162
60 DATA 3,76,218,150,177,57,157,70
,208,86,200,177,57,221,80,3
70 DATA 208,80,200,232,228,70,144,
242,160,10,177,57,170,200,177,57
80 DATA 133,88,134,57,88,88,163,12
,24,101,57,133,57,168,86,105
90 DATA 0,133,58,76,71,153,165,10,
10,10,170,32,162,175,160,0
100 DATA 177,57,157,0,157,232,200,
177,57,157,0,157,32,163,178,237
110 DATA 185,83,157,0,157,232,185,
86,157,0,157,86,165,10,10,10
120 DATA 170,168,0,157,133,57,232,
168,0,157,133,58,232,168,0,157
130 DATA 133,53,232,168,0,157,133,
56,86,32,162,146,160,0,177,57
140 DATA 170,200,177,57,133,86,134
,57,76,168,148,32,162,148,160,0
150 DATA 177,57,133,0,2,200,132,4,
144,248,177,57,133,0,2,240
160 DATA 3,200,208,242,168,0,162,2
,133,122,134,123,76,163,146,133
170 DATA 94,32,32,163,160,0,177,26
3,240,25,200,177,263,187,94,200
180 DATA 3,200,66,86,168,12,24,101
,253,133,253,166,294,108,0,133
190 DATA 254,76,4,154,165,84,201,4
8,240,5,162,8,76,215,150,24
200 DATA 86,163,82,240,48,172,64,3
,201,84,208,42,173,83,3,32
210 DATA 255,153,176,6,168,0,132,6
8,240,27,177,251,173,82,162,0
220 DATA 200,177,253,201,46,208,8,
136,168,76,117,164,167,64,3,200
230 DATA 232,228,63,144,266,86,160
0,165,64,3,201,46,240,6,200
240 DATA 136,68,144,244,86,162,0,1
61,86,5,48,163,64,2,232,200
250 DATA 234,3,144,243,182,10,144,
5,162,1,76,215,160,132,88,86
260 DATA 166,71,240,24,160,255,182
,225,224,200,168,86,3,201,64,240
270 DATA 16,201,46,240,11,153,160,
3,201,0,240,236,200,132,71,86
280 DATA 134,83,132,82,201,46,240,
58,232,183,36,3,232,134,33,32
290 DATA 255,153,176,5,162,8,76,21
5,150,177,253,133,2,200,168,24
300 DATA 101,2,168,2,166,82,177,25
3,201,46,208,8,134,82,76,27
310 DATA 185,167,160,3,232,200,136
,2,144,238,134,82,168,83,164,82
320 DATA 76,154,154,232,168,86,3,2
01,83,208,25,232,168,86,3,201
330 DATA 63,208,17,232,168,86,3,20
1,82,208,2,232,168,86,3,32
340 DATA 30,130,144,5,162,13,76,21
5,150,134,83,162,0,164,57,161
350 DATA 88,8,48,163,160,3,200,232
,224,3,144,243,132,82,168,83
360 DATA 76,154,154,32,42,154,32,1
44,154,76,253,143,163,0,162,150
370 DATA 133,86,134,86,168,0,168,1
45,86,136,132,10,32,32,163,32
380 DATA 41,153,32,63,153,230,18,1
60,18,201,6,144,5,162,12,76
390 DATA 215,150,32,164,147,32,18,
148,168,18,201,1,144,3,32,238
400 DATA 155,32,201,153,32,218,153
,32,202,146,32,76,147,144,47,224
410 DATA 57,240,26,32,51,156,166,7
3,168,74,133,88,134,60,32,12
420 DATA 160,168,88,168,80,133,73,
134,74,76,113,150,32,41,153,158
430 DATA 18,168,18,201,253,208,1,9
8,82,172,153,76,115,153,32,134
440 DATA 153,32,3,153,76,76,155,16
0,0,177,86,240,48,200,177,86
450 DATA 157,2,208,26,200,162,0,17
7,53,200,132,83,164,82,146,263
460 DATA 200,132,82,232,224,10,176
,21,164,80,76,168,155,168,12,24
470 DATA 161,58,133,58,165,60,103,
0,133,60,76,163,155,58,168,18
480 DATA 202,130,10,10,170,232,237
,189,0,157,133,55,232,168,0,157
490 DATA 133,80,32,32,153,160,0,17
7,253,240,37,200,200,200,177,253
500 DATA 201,84,208,12,200,177,253
,133,2,136,136,132,32,32,163,166
510 DATA 163,12,24,101,253,133,253
,165,224,106,0,133,254,76,5,156
520 DATA 86
1000 FOR% = 30168 TO 39974
1010 READ A:FOR%8,A
1020 NEXT
1030 PRINT "FINISHED"

```



Abstract



expanding, rather than his personal knowledge of the subject.

[illegible][illegible]

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Find out how you can bring out the best in your C64 by browsing through this selection of books from the Your Commodore library.

Title:

The Century Computer Programming Course for the Commodore 64

Editors:

Professor Peter Morse and Brian Hancock

Publisher:

Century Publishing

Price:

£10.95

THIS IS ESSENTIALLY A PROGRAMMER'S book and is a very good one indeed, although it is intended for those wishing to learn Basic it is also a good reference book for the more advanced programmer.

Prof. Morse and Brian Hancock have sorted the programs in a constructive and efficient manner and, again in a user-friendly manner to get you acquainted with your C64, the subsequent chapters follow a logical pattern.

Part two contains the materials of Basic programming which are discussed in some detail with particular reference to 'flow charts' with accompanying programs based on such structural design. Here you will find a complete series of programming methods involving control with simple Basic statements.

Arithmetic functions are well handled in the logical operations. As yet we have written an string handling and loops which will make sense to the beginner.

Subroutines, of course are an integral part of Basic and good examples are given. All programs are quite imaginative.

Part three is called the 'Complete Programming Method' and provides a grand total of theoretical data for your consideration involving design, control, decision structures and error trapping.

Colour, sound and sprites are not neglected and are adequately handled for a book of this size. There is a good section on high-resolution mode with big mapping and no user control.

Lists, arrays and sorting are not neglected and a brief resume of Basic as Code is given in effect, this is particularly so, as Basic is a language of no over-requiring much more detailed explanations, perhaps the authors might oblige in this field with an equally extensive book?

REFERENCE



Just as there is an Appendix section for reference plus a 'Program Library' - a mixed potpourri of routines including two short games.

If your interest is in structured programming then I would most warmly recommend it a book - great value for the price.

LAL

Title:

Commodore 64 Colour Graphics: A Beginner's Guide

Authors:

Shaffer and Shaffer

Publisher:

The Revision Computer Group

Price:

£14.50

THIS IS A REASONABLY WELL STRUCTURED book which a beginner would appreciate handling, there still too much advice given on how to type in the programs and much of the program analysis is duplicated.

If you can ignore the usual 'copy your files' and get to the programs then you will find that you have, usually, a complete system for drawing and painting (indeed the colours themselves can be reproduced, this will take you, through to chapter five with various demonstrations (for help about drawing triangles, squares etc).

However, let it be said that this is all done in Basic and is partially slow. Your local printer will take some 15-20 minutes to appear on the screen - as pointed out by the authors.

A two line is obviously built up to enable you to do this. Fortunately it is listed in its complete form in Appendix B.

The JAP procedure is quite ingenious and will put you into drawing and painting mode by entering in the subroutines.

The Book also has a quite handy graphics which is fairly standard.

Cautiously, you can speed up at the drawing and painting routines which you have to carefully read by going to Appendix D where you will find the speedy 'hardware' style numerical data and with check sum errors (a little of data). A routine is included to save programs to tape or disk.

Well - the choice is yours between Basic and BASIC. Obviously the latter is preferable as read the book thoroughly first of all and then make your decision. As the authors say 'program the program and you're there', Agree!!

All programs are functional but the book is considerably overpriced.

LAL

Title:

Filing Systems and Databases for the Commodore 64

Authors:

A.P. & D.J. Stephenson

Publisher:

Collins

Price:

£5.95

THIS BOOK IS A QUESTION AIRE C64 user who is interested in the more user side of computing.

The authors will be familiar to your Commodore readers for their last season of interesting and informative work in on various aspects of C64 use.

The book, overall, is easy to read and packed full of information. The guys make it easier for all levels of user from novice to would-be expert. All but the most knowledgeable can learn from it.

There are one or two 'historical C64ers' in it, such as - did you know that the first word-program compiler was constructed at Cambridge University in 1949? and 'we have to thank an other engineer called Shugart for the development of the floppy disk?'. Not a lot of people know that!

The Stephenson's have extended user friendliness to the rest of their book and provide enough diagrams, explanations and examples to make a complete and potentially dry subject very straightforward and interesting.

Example programs are used throughout the book to illustrate the various processes, becoming increasingly sophisticated as you progress.

By the time you have reached Chapter four you will know how a filing system is

LIBRARY



of useful hints, tips, and information. My copy was marked in a professional position on my bookshelf alongside such weighty tomes as "The Web Adventure" and "I, Jon Creator."

by C.

Title:
The Koala Pad Book
Authors:
David D. Thornberg
Publisher:
Addison-Wesley
Price:
\$12.95

THIS BOOK WAS WRITTEN BY THE inventor of the new kids' or Koala Pad. He has an axe to grind in the sense of writing to promote the idea that the Koala Pad is all things to all computer users but in keeping with its earlier books, on graphics and LOGO, he has resisted the temptation to follow the idea through.

In the case of a peripheral like the Koala Pad people buy one, plug it in, use the pretty picture mode software to do a few test shots on the screen, load some pictures thoughtfully provided by the manufacturers to show what can be produced, and then, if they lack a certain intensity, they put it away and never use it again. This book will stop you doing that.

Clearly, Mr. Thornberg is an enthusiast and this enthusiasm is demonstrated on almost every page, beginning with the title history about Koala Pads.

Chapter Two is called "How to get the most out of the illustration software." This is the software which accompanies the Koala pad and you cannot deny that it has there is more to this than meets the eye. The book is clearly written and has a very large number of pictures plus the occasional plug for some additional software and books which are available.

Chapter Three, "Getting pictures on paper," is a useful one. It emphasizes that the choice of the correct or all else appropriate printer is all important in getting a correct reproduction. The paper type is rightly praised in the report. There is a substantial discussion about interfacing and software for a version or photographing the pictures on your screen — an improved thought. Miscellaneous on your pictures is also covered.

Chapter Four deals with other applications for the Koala Pad other than drawing pretty pictures. It comes out to be nothing more than a set of other programs available for use with the Koala Pad. These are available in the L'n and Vaxes but not here and as such this

Chapter is of little value. There is a tendency for these programs to be rather expensive so their appearance into the L'n world unlikely. You can of course arrange to import them yourself which is not a particularly difficult thing to do. One of the programs involved is the LOGO Design Manager, and an interesting idea demonstrated is the use of an overlay card which clips on to the Koala Pad aiding handling this.

I was a little disappointed to see that COMAL was not covered since it can be used with the Koala Pad. The procedures to do this are indeed to point Koala Pad pictures have been written and are in the public domain and COMAL, of course contains the entire Logo capabilities library.

Chapter Five is a particularly interesting and is called "Expanding the Koala Pad's performance." This is a very down to earth and honest appraisal. I quote:

"You will find that the cursor or game piece under your control will drift to the upper left hand corner of the screen when you let your finger off the tabulator. Koala Pad's screen special co-ordinates to let the computer know where the finger or stylus head is lifted. Most joystick programs interpret this lifting signal as a command to read the upper left hand corner of the screen."
Well, you can't be faster than that!

There do exist extensions on a variety of games and their performance with the Koala Pad. A number of these are available in the L'n available P'n-l'n Construction Set and Chiquette, plus Droll and Lady Lamer.

Chapter Six is somewhat long, covering the use of the Koala Pad with your own programs. I think it's fair to say that if you do not use your Koala Pad within your own programs then you must have been wasting your money! This chapter shows how to use the Koala Pad with Logo, Plot and Run.

Chapter Seven is called "What Next?" and includes some ideas for your own Koala Pad applications. These include using the Pad as a game board and as a visual instrument. Many applications can be set from the use of the Koala Pad as a custom keyboard.

There follow appendices of references and resources. These include the suppliers of many of the programs listed. There is also a glossary of terms, which helps the reader to understand some of the jargon which is thrown about and there is a comprehensive index.

Summing up the book is difficult. It is extremely expensive so is the Koala Pad, so presumably if you can afford the one you can afford the other. It is something of a privilege to have the designer of a revolutionary piece of equipment set up at your elbow to bring you how to get the best out of it. Lots of the Koala Pad will find this a worthwhile purchase.

B. M.

created and maintained so much food for thought is provided that you will be tempted to get straight to the keyboard and start creating. However, there are more gems to come.

Adding dry statistical analysis, Chapter five deals very effectively with matrices and sets, culminating in an impressive matrix code routine which handles two-dimensional string array sets at a great rate of knots.

The ensuing Chapters give a good description of file structures, explaining the pros and cons of the various types — again, in language which is plain enough for a newcomer to grasp and sufficiently in-depth to satisfy even the experts. Once more, there are useful program routines to expand upon the text.

The appendices incorporate a true glossary and a list of 6801 memories.

A nice touch is the self-test written at the end of each Chapter. A good guide to whether you have understood the content.

All in all, this book should prove a great asset to any C64 user who wishes to progress from playing games to making serious home-based use of the C64 or to anyone who wants to customize a ring-buffered system currently in use but does not fully appreciate the intricacies of data handling in relation to computer discs and tapes.

This book is written with a serious to do a comprehensive presentation of the basic and the techniques are able to do the C64, being simple but indicative guides to efficiency whether using text files or tape drives.

Thoroughly recommended in my opinion — great value, well presented, full

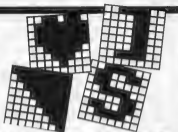


listings will be much easier to
order with our new system.

COMMODORE LISTINGS ARE EASIER well known for the handy little black blocks that always appear. Unfortunately the graphics characters which are used to represent graphics and control characters do not reproduce very well and they are also difficult to find on the Commodore keyboard.

For this reason Your Commodore started to produce any control characters with a ROM statement on the previous line that explained exactly what the black blocks were meant to be. Unfortunately the graphics characters were not documented and these still cause some confusion. For this reason we are starting to use a new method for making the control and graphics characters in our listings.

In future all control and graphics commands will be replaced by mnemonic within square brackets. This mnemonic is not typed out as printed in the magazine but rather the corresponding key or keys on the keyboard are pressed. For example: [RIGHT] means press the cursor right key, you do not type in [RIGHT]. All all the symbols, what keys to press and how they are shown on the screen are shown below.



LISTINGS

Any character that is accessed by pressing shift and letter will be printed as [S LETTER]

[S A]

shift and A

[S C]

shift and C

Any character that is accessed by pressing the Commodore key and a letter will be printed as [S LETTER]

[C A]

Commodore & A

[C C]

Commodore & C

[S T]

Any control key will be printed out as a number, for example [00]. Control codes are accessed by pressing the [00] and a letter at the same time [00] is CTRL & A, 000 is CTRL & B etc. See the manual for more information about control codes.

[00]

CTRL & A

[000]

CTRL & C

Mnemonic	Symbol	what to press
[L-GRF]		left-right
[LIFT]		shift-left-right
[LP]		Shift & up/down
[DOWN]		up/down
[R]		R
[L]		shift & R
[R]		R
[L]		shift & R

Mnemonic	Symbol	what to press
[R]		R
[R]		shift & R
[R]		R
[R]		shift & R
[C] [TAB]		Shift & CLR / HOME
[HOME]		CLR / HOME
[PAGE]		CTRL & B
[PAGE]		CTRL & B

Mnemonic	Symbol	what to press
[R] [ACX]		CTRL & 1
[R] [HTE]		CTRL & 2
[R] [ED]		CTRL & 3
[R] [YH]		CTRL & 4
[R] [BRL]		CTRL & 5
[R] [GRTN]		CTRL & 6
[R] [L]		CTRL & 7
[R] [L]		CTRL & 8



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ON this page you will see a picture of a C128 computer. OK, it doesn't look much like a C128 as the material here and it has been cut up into a number of puzzle pieces. All you have to do is enter to stand a chance of winning it to build a picture of a C128 from the pieces. Where you have done this you will find that there are a number of pieces left over. Each piece has been given a letter. Make a note of the letters of the pieces that are left.

It is in the envelope carefully and seal it as once again. Write clearly on the back of the envelope the letters of the extra pieces.

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 2. **Identify the supporting details.**
 3. **Identify the author's purpose.**
 4. **Identify the author's tone.**
 5. **Identify the author's bias.**
 6. **Identify the author's point of view.**
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 8. **Identify the author's style.**
 9. **Identify the author's structure.**
 10. **Identify the author's language.**

1. **Introduction**
 2. **Background**
 3. **Methodology**
 4. **Results**
 5. **Conclusion**
 6. **References**

the last several days, and the
 100,000 people who will gather
 there for the 2000 World
 Economic Forum in Davos, Switzer-
 land, the largest gathering of world
 leaders ever, and the 2000
 Olympic Games in Sydney, Aus-
 tralia, in the next few days.

deVries, H. F. (1982). *Engelmannia* (Euphorbiaceae) of the Caribbean. *Journal of the Botanical Society of America*, 95, 1-10. <http://www.jstor.org/stable/2403622>

and the two agencies, although they do not have a formal agreement for mutual benefit, have been working toward common goals. "We have a common interest in the environment," says the director of the EPA's Office of Research and Development, "and we have a common interest in the environment."

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- Replicated (control) and control groups are 1:1 (1:1) groups
- Control group has the lowest probability of being selected

[illegible]

• **Structural** & **functional** aspects of language

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100

Source: *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, 1997, 92, 1037-1046.

1990-1991 1991-1992 1992-1993 1993-1994 1994-1995 1995-1996 1996-1997 1997-1998 1998-1999 1999-2000 2000-2001 2001-2002 2002-2003 2003-2004 2004-2005 2005-2006 2006-2007 2007-2008 2008-2009 2009-2010 2010-2011 2011-2012 2012-2013 2013-2014 2014-2015 2015-2016 2016-2017 2017-2018 2018-2019 2019-2020 2020-2021 2021-2022 2022-2023 2023-2024 2024-2025 2025-2026 2026-2027 2027-2028 2028-2029 2029-2030 2030-2031 2031-2032 2032-2033 2033-2034 2034-2035 2035-2036 2036-2037 2037-2038 2038-2039 2039-2040 2040-2041 2041-2042 2042-2043 2043-2044 2044-2045 2045-2046 2046-2047 2047-2048 2048-2049 2049-2050 2050-2051 2051-2052 2052-2053 2053-2054 2054-2055 2055-2056 2056-2057 2057-2058 2058-2059 2059-2060 2060-2061 2061-2062 2062-2063 2063-2064 2064-2065 2065-2066 2066-2067 2067-2068 2068-2069 2069-2070 2070-2071 2071-2072 2072-2073 2073-2074 2074-2075 2075-2076 2076-2077 2077-2078 2078-2079 2079-2080 2080-2081 2081-2082 2082-2083 2083-2084 2084-2085 2085-2086 2086-2087 2087-2088 2088-2089 2089-2090 2090-2091 2091-2092 2092-2093 2093-2094 2094-2095 2095-2096 2096-2097 2097-2098 2098-2099 2099-2100 2100-2101 2101-2102 2102-2103 2103-2104 2104-2105 2105-2106 2106-2107 2107-2108 2108-2109 2109-2110 2110-2111 2111-2112 2112-2113 2113-2114 2114-2115 2115-2116 2116-2117 2117-2118 2118-2119 2119-2120 2120-2121 2121-2122 2122-2123 2123-2124 2124-2125 2125-2126 2126-2127 2127-2128 2128-2129 2129-2130 2130-2131 2131-2132 2132-2133 2133-2134 2134-2135 2135-2136 2136-2137 2137-2138 2138-2139 2139-2140 2140-2141 2141-2142 2142-2143 2143-2144 2144-2145 2145-2146 2146-2147 2147-2148 2148-2149 2149-2150 2150-2151 2151-2152 2152-2153 2153-2154 2154-2155 2155-2156 2156-2157 2157-2158 2158-2159 2159-2160 2160-2161 2161-2162 2162-2163 2163-2164 2164-2165 2165-2166 2166-2167 2167-2168 2168-2169 2169-2170 2170-2171 2171-2172 2172-2173 2173-2174 2174-2175 2175-2176 2176-2177 2177-2178 2178-2179 2179-2180 2180-2181 2181-2182 2182-2183 2183-2184 2184-2185 2185-2186 2186-2187 2187-2188 2188-2189 2189-2190 2190-2191 2191-2192 2192-2193 2193-2194 2194-2195 2195-2196 2196-2197 2197-2198 2198-2199 2199-2200 2200-2201 2201-2202 2202-2203 2203-2204 2204-2205 2205-2206 2206-2207 2207-2208 2208-2209 2209-2210 2210-2211 2211-2212 2212-2213 2213-2214 2214-2215 2215-2216 2216-2217 2217-2218 2218-2219 2219-2220 2220-2221 2221-2222 2222-2223 2223-2224 2224-2225 2225-2226 2226-2227 2227-2228 2228-2229 2229-2230 2230-2231 2231-2232 2232-2233 2233-2234 2234-2235 2235-2236 2236-2237 2237-2238 2238-2239 2239-2240 2240-2241 2241-2242 2242-2243 2243-2244 2244-2245 2245-2246 2246-2247 2247-2248 2248-2249 2249-2250 2250-2251 2251-2252 2252-2253 2253-2254 2254-2255 2255-2256 2256-2257 2257-2258 2258-2259 2259-2260 2260-2261 2261-2262 2262-2263 2263-2264 2264-2265 2265-2266 2266-2267 2267-2268 2268-2269 2269-2270 2270-2271 2271-2272 2272-2273 2273-2274 2274-2275 2275-2276 2276-2277 2277-2278 2278-2279 2279-2280 2280-2281 2281-2282 2282-2283 2283-2284 2284-2285 2285-2286 2286-2287 2287-2288 2288-2289 2289-2290 2290-2291 2291-2292 2292-2293 2293-2294 2294-2295 2295-2296 2296-2297 2297-2298 2298-2299 2299-2300 2300-2301 2301-2302 2302-2303 2303-2304 2304-2305 2305-2306 2306-2307 2307-2308 2308-2309 2309-2310 2310-2311 2311-2312 2312-2313 2313-2314 2314-2315 2315-2316 2316-2317 2317-2318 2318-2319 2319-2320 2320-2321 2321-2322 2322-2323 2323-2324 2324-2325 2325-2326 2326-2327 2327-2328 2328-2329 2329-2330 2330-2331 2331-2332 2332-2333 2333-2334 2334-2335 2335-2336 2336-2337 2337-2338 2338-2339 2339-2340 2340-2341 2341-2342 2342-2343 2343-2344 2344-2345 2345-2346 2346-2347 2347-2348 2348-2349 2349-2350 2350-2351 2351-2352 2352-2353 2353-2354 2354-2355 2355-2356 2356-2357 2357-2358 2358-2359 2359-2360 2360-2361 2361-2362 2362-2363 2363-2364 2364-2365 2365-2366 2366-2367 2367-2368 2368-2369 2369-2370 2370-2371 2371-2372 2372-2373 2373-2374 2374-2375 2375-2376 2376-2377 2377-2378 2378-2379 2379-2380 2380-2381 2381-2382 2382-2383 2383-2384 2384-2385 2385-2386 2386-2387 2387-2388 2388-2389 2389-2390 2390-2391 2391-2392 2392-2393 2393-2394 2394-2395 2395-2396 2396-2397 2397-2398 2398-2399 2399

... ..

1. *Chlorophyll a* (Chl *a*)

ACE – EXPERIENCE IT NOW

[illegible]

wizard

**PURE MAGIC FOR YOUR COMMODORE 64
DISK & CASSETTE**

colzard

"WIZARD is one of those flash American games that does everything the way it should. It's a heavy dose of magic that should be fun for years to come."

Abstract

THE NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY



- 40 amazing screens
- 5 speed levels
- 11 different spells
- 20 different monsters
- Teleport facility
- 1-8 players
- Construction set included

PUT THE MAGIC BACK INTO YOUR GAMES — GET WIZARD

TOP DRAIN

This month our

graphics man, Allen

Webb, shows you how

to get those

backdrops scrolling.

HELD THERE, I THINK YOU'LL find this month's offering rather useful if you're into graphical adventures or pattern-type games.

I'm sure you've come across ones such as *Strong Hold*, *Boulder Dash* and *Somerset* which use a huge backdrop for the game. The screen normally shows a small area of the backdrop and the backdrop scrolls as you move to a new play area. Got the idea? This article will provide you with the technology to perform this same task. While it doesn't use single pixel movements à la *Croswater*, it works well enough for most purposes.

So what are we doing? Consider Figure 1. The normal screen holds 1008 locations, or which we can store a picture. Under the BasicROM there are eight kilobytes of memory which can be used to hold pictures. If we also use the area between the ROMs, there are 12 kilobytes of memory. The idea is to extract a portion of the picture and put it on the normal screen.

The window on the screen can be any rectangle of WH characters wide and WH characters high. The position of the screen can be specified by the co-ord rates XY and YW of its top left-hand corner. We also need to know which part of the map to display. The top left-hand corner of the map data is specified by X and Y. The width of the map under the ROM is

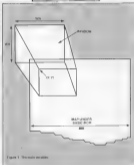


Figure 1: The main variables.

specified by WH. The width of the map is up to you but is limited to no more than 204 characters wide (2048-256). Here are some examples of the size of map possible using the 12K available:

Map width	Map height
256	48
384	144

From this you can see that it is possible to have up to 12 screens. If the selection of the map width really depends on the type of map. You will probably find it easier to design maps smaller than 60x but when wide — I will explain why later.

The package uses two commands. The first has the syntax

```
Y% 40165,WH,MH,MX,YA,YB
```

The routine sets up the position and size of the screen window and the width of the map. This can be changed at any time without corrupting any map data. Obviously, the command must be called before any attempt is made to display the map.

The second command actually draws the map in the window and has the syntax

```
Y% 40163,X,Y
```

This command takes a rectangle of data with top left hand co-ord rates X,Y from the map data under the ROM and puts it on the window on the screen.

Since the map data is 10K characters put in the screen, occupy a lot of space, it follows that an equal amount of RAM would be required for the co-ord data. This is obviously not so and I chose another approach to the problem of colours. Starting at location 4040H is a table 25 bytes long. This is used to hold the colour that each character will show. The position of each character in the table is determined by its ROM value. For example, the character uses the first position 4040H. As a general rule, the position of a character is given by

Point on table = 4040H + ROM value

Some further examples are

To get red 'A's ROM 4040H+1,
To get blue 'H's ROM 4040H

Demonstration 1 gives a simple idea of how to use the routines. Lines 35-50 fill the area under ROMs with a simple sequence of characters often by one to give diagonal stripes. Line 60 fills the colour table. Line 6300 sets up a 10 character wide, 75 character tall window, at the extreme left of the screen. The map is set to 48 characters wide. The remainder of the program allows you to scroll the map in all directions using the cursor keys but without running off the map horizontally.

The routine is set up with the assumption that the screen is at the normal position of 6040H (1004). If you want to move the screen elsewhere, you should include the 10 lines late early in your program.

```
POKE 40165,PEEK(640)  
POKE 4040H,256-PEEK 640
```

This tells the routine the current page of the screen.

Listing 1

```

1 DATA#237,167,78,22,168,0,0,0,0
  0,0,80,40,25,0,32,63,157,32,117,1
  67,169
2 DATA#4,133,1,168,0,168,0,177,253
  145,251,32,200,157,32,214,157,200
  204,13
3 DATA157,208,210,32,171,157,32,16
  6,157,232,236,14,157,208,226,168,5
  9,133
4 DATA14,56,72,152,72,138,72,163,0,
  133,251,168,4,133,252,173,11,157,2
  40,11
5 DATA180,0,32,171,157,200,204,11,
  157,208,247,171,10,157,240,14,24,1
  66,241
6 DATA108,10,157,133,251,168,252,1
  06,0,133,252,104,170,104,168,104,5
  6,72,162
7 DATA72,138,72,168,0,133,251,168,
  160,133,254,173,8,157,240,11,160,0
  32,168
8 DATA157,200,204,8,157,208,247,17
  3,8,157,210,14,24,168,253,108,8,15
  7,133
9 DATA253,168,251,108,0,133,254,10
  4,1,7,104,118,104,76,21,157,241,10
  5,40,133
10 DATA251,168,242,108,0,133,252,5
  6,24,154,257,108,12,157,133,253,16
  5,251
11 DATA105,0,133,254,56,72,168,251
  133,110,24,168,252,126,212,133,11
  1,104
12 DATA#5,144,15,160,170,168,41,16
  0,145,170,174,16,157,86,12,253,174
  32,138
13 DATA173,32,217,183,56,32,227,15
  7,168,20,141,13,157,32,227,157,168
  20,141
14 DATA14,157,32,227,157,168,20,14
  1,12,157,32,227,157,168,20,141,10,
  157,32
15 DATA227,157,168,20,141,11,157,5
  8,32,227,157,168,20,141,8,147,34,2
  27,157
16 DATA105,20,141,8,157,78,10,157,
  0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,3,253
17 REM
18 FOR I=40132 TO 40400
19 READ K:7-I+1
20 POKE I,K
21 NEXT
22 POKE58,157,CLM
23 REM
24 REM*****
25 REM*          LOADER 1          *
26 REM*
27 REM* MAP FLOITER AIL 1985 *
28 REM*****

```

Since most of you will be using predefined characters, a relocated screen is mandatory. Listing 1 will relocate the screen to 40400 (11,200) and the character to 50800 (line 40-48) move the character set down to its new position. Please note this code will take a while to run.

With this demonstration as a base, the problem is how to

create a map. Clearly you have to somehow design and then put a map into the screen. The first step must be to draw the map on graph paper. This can then be converted into a form which can be worded in the machine. The obvious approach would be to use an editor which allows you to draw part of the map on-screen

and then transfer it to the RAM under ROMM. Due to space restrictions, I have not included one here. If any of you out there come up with such a program, I suggest you enter it into the magazine where we cross words with a tool would be most useful. Demonstration 2 shows another method.

Screen 1

```

0 REM DEMO 1
1 REM
10 I=10*4096:POKE73281,0
20 J=1
30 FOR K=01059:POKE I+K,J:NEXT
40 J=J+1:IF J=130THEN500
50 I=I+60:GOTO30
60 FOR I=01055:POKE 40485+I,1:NEXT
60000 SYS 40182,10,25,80,0,0
63000 LA=10:SYS 40185,0,0
63005 DET18:IF I8="1"THEN63006
63010 IF I8=CHR$(255)ANDX<60-AL:GOTO
  63011
63020 IF I8=CHR$(157)ANDX>0 THENX=X-
  1
63030 IF I8=CHR$(17)ANDY<130THENY=Y-
  1
63040 IF I8=CHR$(145)ANDY>OTHERY-Y-
  1
63050 SYS40185,X,Y,COTOG3006

```

Screen 2

```

0 REM DEMO 2
1 REM
2 AC=10*4096:XH=60645
3 DATA 24,24,126,24,24,26,66,0
10 POKE 40265,PEEK(648):POKE40401,
  216-PEEK(848)
20 GOTO110000
30 POKE 40485+102,8:POKE 40485+230,
  5:POKE52801,0
35 FOR I=0107:POKE52016+I,240(1)+26
  6:NEXT
36 FOR I=0107:POKE5230+I,1,240(1)+26
  6:NEXT
37 FOR I=0107:READX,POKE52472+I,X,4
  8:EXT

```


**Nick Hampshire brings you
four new commands to add
to your extended Basic.**

IN THE LAST TWO ARTICLES IN THIS series I have given all the initialization and wedge routines needed to add extra commands to the Basic of a C64 computer.

Also, I have now given the code to add four new commands to Basic. These are, CTL, APPEND, CHANCE, CLAMP and FIND.

This month I am adding a further four commands. They are, AUTO, CHAIN, DELETE and INPUT/PAUSE. These four commands like the four given last month are very useful 'house' type commands for editing a program and are consequently all used in direct mode except CHAIN which can be used in program mode.

All four new commands require that the wedge and initialization code (given in the first article in the series) is present in memory at the correct locations and that their command names and entry points are stored in the correct tables. These four commands are independent of the previously added commands and can therefore be used without last month's routines. To ensure that you have the widgets and new routines correctly positioned the Basic loader at the end of this article is a repeat of last month's with the four new commands added.

The programs in this series of articles are used here extracts from the book *Advanced Commodore 64 Basic Revealed* by Nick Hampshire and published by Culin.

AUTO

Abbreviated entry: Auto/n.
Abbreviated Basic Abbreviations: None.
Tables: Hex \$41304, Decimal 268.4
Modes: Direct and program.
Recommended Mode: Direct only.
Purpose: To load line when entering a program by providing the user with the first line number to be entered. To enable the AUTO line numbering, enter AUTO followed by the line number. To disable it, enter AL, 0 and enter AUTO without a number. The next line number is picked up from the previous one typed in, so if you enter a line 10 with the auto step at 10, the next line number would be 20. If you changed this number to, say, 100 and entered that line, the next one number displayed would be 110. A new line number is not displayed if there is nothing entered on the line.
Syntax: AUTO [step]
Errors: Syntax error — if the step value is greater than 4,096 (maximum line number).

BUILD A BETTER BASIC

Use the command word in direct mode to enable or disable AUTO line numbering. When enabled, AUTO will produce line numbers after entering a line until it is rubbing with AUTO without an increment value. If you wish to exit from the AUTO feature when a line number has been displayed, either press return (which will delete that line if it exists), or cancel down off that line.
Source Entry Point: \$41307

Routine Operations: First, the routine checks to see if there is a number following it. If not it will disable AUTO, otherwise it will read the number and store it in the step and enable AUTO. The actual routine is wedged into the punch-tape table. It first checks that the line number character in the input buffer is a number character and sets up a flag to say yes or no. The line is then tabulated and if there was no line number, or there was nothing following the line number, the routine exits. If the previous line typed in had a line number with something following it, the line number is read from the pointer. The step is then added to it, and the number converted to ASCII and inserted into the keyboard.

CHAIN

Abbreviations: CHA[shd]t
Abbreviated Basic Abbreviations: None.
Tables: Hex \$B1307, Decimal 238.7
Modes: Direct and program.
Recommended Mode: Either.
Purpose: To load and run a Basic program from tape or disk. After the program has been loaded, variable pointers are set to the end of the program.
Syntax: As in LOAD
Source: As in LOAD
Use: CHAIN is used to load and run a Basic program. It will work from either program or in direct mode having the same effect if used from another program, it is more convenient than LOAD as LOAD does not set the variable pointers and, if the program you load is larger than the one in memory, when variables are used they will corrupt the end of the program.

Routine Entry Point: \$B130H
Routine Operations: The CHAIN routine

emulates the LOAD routine as far as the program has been loaded from there, variable pointers are set to the end of load, the run mode flag is set, and then three operations cause the program to run.

Hex \$B1307, pointer C0H
Hex \$B130H, set pointer to the start of program
Hex \$B130H, execute NEXT command

DELETE

Abbreviated Entry: Delete[n]
Abbreviated Basic Abbreviations: None.
Tables: Hex \$E1309, Decimal 288.9
Modes: Direct and program.
Recommended Mode: Direct only.
Purpose: To delete a range of unwanted lines from a Basic program.
Syntax: DELETE [start line]—[end line] — although all parameters are optional, at least one of the parameters must be given.
Errors: Syntax error — if DELETE is used without parameters.
Syntax error — if either of the line numbers is less than zero or greater than 4,096.

Use: DELETE is used to delete a range of lines in a Basic program. These can be lines of, say, a data generating program after the DATA has been created for testing.

DELETE 100-150 — deletes lines 100 to 150 in lower
DELETE -1000 — deletes all lines up to line number 1000
DELETE 2000- — deletes lines from 2000 to the end of the program
DELETE 0 — deletes the whole program.

Program areas that have been DELETED cannot be recovered as they have been erased from memory.
Routine Entry Point: \$E130H
Routine Operations: DELETE first gets the range of the delete and then loops moving the memory above the range over the top of the deleted area.


```

0000 TELL USER WHAT WE ARE DOING
0001 :
0002 MSGS(1) LAM RESPONSE ;POINT TO
0003 LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0004 MSG RESPONSE ;POINT TO
0005 LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0006 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0007 :
0008 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0009 :
0010 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0011 :
0012 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0013 :
0014 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0015 :
0016 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0017 :
0018 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0019 :
0020 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0021 :
0022 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0023 :
0024 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0025 :
0026 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0027 :
0028 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0029 :
0030 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0031 :
0032 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0033 :
0034 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0035 :
0036 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0037 :
0038 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0039 :
0040 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0041 :
0042 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0043 :
0044 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0045 :
0046 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0047 :
0048 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0049 :
0050 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0051 :
0052 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0053 :
0054 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0055 :
0056 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0057 :
0058 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0059 :
0060 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0061 :
0062 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0063 :
0064 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0065 :
0066 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0067 :
0068 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0069 :
0070 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0071 :
0072 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0073 :
0074 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0075 :
0076 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0077 :
0078 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0079 :
0080 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0081 :
0082 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0083 :
0084 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0085 :
0086 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0087 :
0088 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0089 :
0090 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0091 :
0092 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0093 :
0094 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0095 :
0096 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0097 :
0098 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE
0099 :
0100 MSGS(1) LAM LAM RESPONSE ;MESSAGE

```



1290 04F0471, 206, 47, 62, 81, 78, 67
1291 04F0480, 44, 67, 74, 61, 68, 197
1303 04F0486, 71, 81, 205, 48, 77, 75
1305 04F0497, 48, 81, 77, 208, 49, 88
1312 04F049, 76, 77, 78, 79, 74, 75
1318 04F0504, 212, 75, 67, 207, 77, 62
1400 04F0523, 77, 67, 62, 71, 777, 75
1401 04F0579, 78, 67, 71, 208, 60, 82
1419 04F0582, 82, 67, 74, 62, 77, 64
1430 04F0588, 216, 82, 79, 65, 67, 62
1440 04F0592, 82, 78, 61, 72, 84, 60
1500 04F062, 67, 69, 79, 68, 64, 62
1512 04F063, 67, 69, 79, 70, 198, 64
2210 04F067, 67, 81, 78, 64, 72
2212 04F068, 67, 81, 78, 64, 72
2213 04F069, 68, 67, 67, 60, 72, 73
2245 04F071, 67, 69, 78, 79, 77, 67
1292 04F0709, 68, 67, 62, 60, 67, 60
1402 04F079, 17, 64, 178, 215, 177, 118
1510 04F078, 178, 16, 143, 116, 124, 143
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6698 06085 121, 121, 140, 140, 140
6699 06086 121, 121, 140, 140, 140
6700 06087 121, 121, 140, 140, 140

1000

```

0000 DELETE 200-DE-0001 (001)DELETE 000
0010
0010 L04 15F (001) START OF DELETE
0020 L03 15F(1) PRIMARY POINTER
0030 S16 000 (000) IT
0040
0040 S16 000(0)
0050 S16 000(0) OF END ADDRESS OF
0060 S16 000 (001) END OF DELETE
0070 L03 000(1)
0080 S02 000(0)
0090 L03 000(1)
0100 L04 000(0,T
0110 S02 000(0)
0120
0130 S01
0140 L04 000(0,T
0150
0160
0170 L 0 ... HOLD THE POINTER TO THE G
0180
0190 (0) OF DELETE RANGE.
0200 (001) S16 HOLD THE POINTER TO THE
0210 (001) START OF DELETE RANGE.
0220
0230
0240 S01 S16 000 (000) END OF
0250 S16 000(1) OF DELETE POINTER
0260 L04 000
0270 S02
0280 S02 000 (000) VARIABLE POINTER
0290 S01 000 (000) END OF PROGRAM AFTER
0300 L04 000(1) DELETE
0310 S01 000(1)
0320 S01

```

```

0000  MCR DELT01
0010  TRA
0020  DLE
0030  MCR 000
0040  STA 000
0050  TRA
0060  MCR 000+0
0070  MCR 000+0
0080  LDR 0000
0090  MCR01 LDR 0000+0 JST 0000
0100  STA 0000+0 JST 0000
0110  JST
0120  MCR DELT01 JST FULL PAGE
0130  JST 000+0 JST 0000+0 JST
0140  JST 000+0 PRINTING
0150  LDR 000+0 MCR LONGER
0160  JST 000+0
0170  MCR DELT01 JST 000
0180  MCR01 JST 000+0 JST 0000+0
0190  LDR 000
0200  LDR 000
0210  DLE
0220  MCR 000
0230  STA 000 JST 000 PRINTING
0240  MCR DELT01
0250  JST
0260  MCR01 LDR 000+0
0270  JST 000+0 JST 000+0 JST
0280  JST 000+0 JST 000+0
0290
0300  JST 0000+0 JST 000+0
0310

```

```

1470 DEL004 JST 0407Y ;SET CURRENT C
1470 BCC DEL004 ;NO MATCH, CONT
1470 BCC DEL004 ;IS A NUMBER
1470 CBR 0404 ;IS IT ...
1470 BNE DEL004 ;NO, CONT
1470 LDR R0R ;GET START ADDRESS OF
1470 STR R0R ;DELETE TO START
1470 LDR R0R ;OF PROGRAM
1470 STR R0R+1
1470 BNE DEL004 ;HAPPY
1470 DEL004 JST 0407Y ;SETTY (END) C
1470
1470 DEL007 JST 0407Y ;SET NUMBER
1470 LDR 0404 ;14TH ADDRESS OF LINE
1470 JST 0407Y ;ADDRESS VALUE
1470 BNE DEL007 ;NO
1470 CBR 0404 ;IS IT ...
1470 BNE DEL007 ;NO, CONT
1470 BNE DEL007 ;NO, CONT
1470 BNE DEL007 ;SET NEXT C
1470 JST 0407Y ;SET NUMBER
1470 BNE DEL004 ;NOT END OF INPUT
1470 BUNP LDR R0R ;10 SECOND LINE IF
1470
1470 BNE 0404
1470 BNE DEL004 ;NO
1470 LDR 0407 ;SET TO END LINE
1470 STR R0R
1470 STR 0404
1470 BNE DEL007 ;HAPPY END
1470

```

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 4. **How many?** 1, 2 or 3 (all prices include postage and handling)
 5. **How many?** 1, 2 or 3 (all prices include postage and handling)
 6. **How many?** 1, 2 or 3 (all prices include postage and handling)
 7. **How many?** 1, 2 or 3 (all prices include postage and handling)
 8. **How many?** 1, 2 or 3 (all prices include postage and handling)
 9. **How many?** 1, 2 or 3 (all prices include postage and handling)
 10. **How many?** 1, 2 or 3 (all prices include postage and handling)

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[illegible]

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AND SAVE MONEY IN THE

Adelphi enthält auch ein Foto von einem anderen Mitglied der Gruppe, das in der ersten Ausgabe des "Journal of the American Medical Association" veröffentlicht wurde. Das Foto zeigt eine Gruppe von Ärzten, die in einem Krankenhaus arbeiten. Die Ärzte sind in weißen Kitteln und tragen Masken. Sie stehen in einer Reihe und blicken in die gleiche Richtung. Die Ärzte sind von verschiedenen Nationalitäten und sind in verschiedenen Altersgruppen. Die Ärzte sind in einem Krankenhaus in der Türkei. Die Ärzte sind in einem Krankenhaus in der Türkei. Die Ärzte sind in einem Krankenhaus in der Türkei.

► Pick Up Your Own

- **Stress** is a response to a stimulus that is perceived as a threat or challenge.
- **Stressors** are the external factors that trigger a stress response.
- **Stress response** is the body's reaction to a stressor, involving physiological and psychological changes.
- **Stress management** involves techniques to reduce the impact of stress on health and well-being.
- **Stress management techniques** include relaxation, exercise, and cognitive-behavioral therapy.
- **Stress management** is an essential part of maintaining good health and preventing stress-related diseases.

4129

[illegible]

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Program 3

independent and longer than 100 m in diameter, the large value involving the Brown's Plan II assumed the factors.

Up: move cursor up
 Down: move cursor down
 Left: move cursor left
 Right: move cursor right
 Home: move cursor to beginning of line
 End: move cursor to end of line
 Ctrl+Up: move cursor to previous section
 Ctrl+Down: move cursor to next section
 Ctrl+Left: move cursor to previous section
 Ctrl+Right: move cursor to next section
 Ctrl+Home: move cursor to beginning of document
 Ctrl+End: move cursor to end of document
 Ctrl+F: find text
 Ctrl+B: toggle between normal and bold text
 Ctrl+I: toggle between normal and italic text
 Ctrl+O: toggle between normal and outline text
 Ctrl+U: toggle between normal and underlined text
 Ctrl+Y: toggle between normal and strikethrough text
 Ctrl+Z: undo
 Ctrl+X: cut
 Ctrl+C: copy
 Ctrl+V: paste
 Ctrl+N: new document
 Ctrl+S: save document
 Ctrl+P: print document
 Ctrl+W: close document
 Ctrl+Q: quit application
 Ctrl+R: refresh document
 Ctrl+L: lock document
 Ctrl+M: move document
 Ctrl+D: delete document
 Ctrl+E: edit document
 Ctrl+F: find text
 Ctrl+B: toggle between normal and bold text
 Ctrl+I: toggle between normal and italic text
 Ctrl+O: toggle between normal and outline text
 Ctrl+U: toggle between normal and underlined text
 Ctrl+Y: toggle between normal and strikethrough text
 Ctrl+Z: undo
 Ctrl+X: cut
 Ctrl+C: copy
 Ctrl+V: paste
 Ctrl+N: new document
 Ctrl+S: save document
 Ctrl+P: print document
 Ctrl+W: close document
 Ctrl+Q: quit application
 Ctrl+R: refresh document
 Ctrl+L: lock document
 Ctrl+M: move document
 Ctrl+D: delete document
 Ctrl+E: edit document

IT IS LATE AT NIGHT, A charge being baptised outside of the local tap factory. Pioneers, says, have been learning business procedures.

You sign it, accompanied with a
 handwritten letter, and send it

Age Group	Percentage (%)
18-24	~10
25-34	~10
35-44	~10
45-54	~10
55-64	~10
65-74	~10
75+	~10

Figure 1 *Mean (SD) age at onset of first psychotic episode by sex and ethnic group*

- 11. any states and final states.
- 12. state machine code
- 13. each graph is
- 14. state queries.
- 15. each data

- [illegible]

Abstract

[illegible]

```

45 251,165,251,165,35,133
46 00140251,144,8,230,252,230,254,1
47 66,254,251,11,208,219,95
48 0014165,8,133,251,165,8,133,252
1,165,133,254,165,34
49 0014177,231,133,253,180,35,177
50 251,230,144,251,135,175,132
51 0014255,208,245,180,118,253,14
5,251,165,251,165,35,133
52 0014261,144,8,210,252,230,251,1
66,254,251,11,208,219,95
53 0014165,133,163,165,40,133,164
1,165,133,165,165,208
54 0014133,165,173,14,252,11,252,1
41,14,230,165,1,45,251
55 0014133,1,165,253,205,177,251,1
45,161,132,255,208,247,165
56 0014164,245,131,164,164,165,200
144,165,230,54,208,231,165
57 0014128,4,174,1,14,14,230,2,1
141,14,230,174
58 001421,255,11,240,164,12,14,164
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59 0014151,212,164,173,5,208
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60 20165,1,141,165,2,45,15,208,2
14,208,55,173
51 0014208,251,254,240,3,238,208
52 251,254,240
53 0014208,251,254,240,3,238,208
54 251,254,240

```

Program Listing 1 (cont.)

Program Listing 1 (cont.)

```

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178 DATA238,183,2,88,188,,1+1,181,
2,242,237,188,88,32
180 DATA184,185,173,18,208,88,173,
30,208,201,1,208,12,183
182 DATA1+1,5,208,32,88,188,141,4,
208,88,201,10,208
184 DATA12,188,,141,7,208,32,88,18
8,141,8,208,88,201
186 DATA18,208,12,188,,141,8,208,3
2,75,188,141,8,208
188 DATA88,201,34,208,12,188,,141,
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190 DATA10,208,88,201,88,208,12,18
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88,88,30,30,108,111
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,
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63,24,124,127,244,244,255
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,
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127,128,254,127,,254,184
264 DATA,62,,
266 DATA,,240,,
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240,18,248,224
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8,,248,
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8,248,21,258,224,18,258
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32,4
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Program Listing 1 (cont.)

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200 DATA 1434, 1435, 1436, 1437, 1438, 1439, 1440, 1441
200 DATA 1442, 1443, 1444, 1445, 1446, 1447, 1448, 1449
200 DATA 1450, 1451, 1452, 1453, 1454, 1455, 1456, 1457
200 DATA 1458, 1459, 1460, 1461, 1462, 1463, 1464, 1465
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200 DATA 1474, 1475, 1476, 1477, 1478, 1479, 1480, 1481
200 DATA 1482, 1483, 1484, 1485, 1486, 1487, 1488, 1489
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200 DATA 1522, 1523, 1524, 1525, 1526, 1527, 1528, 1529
200 DATA 1530, 1531, 1532, 1533, 1534, 1535, 1536, 1537
200 DATA 1538, 1539, 1540, 1541, 1542, 1543, 1544, 1545
200 DATA 1546, 1547, 1548, 1549, 1550, 1551, 1552, 1553
200 DATA 1554, 1555, 1556, 1557, 1558, 1559, 1560, 1561
200 DATA 1562, 1563, 1564, 1565, 1566, 1567, 1568, 1569
200 DATA 1570, 1571, 1572, 1573, 1574, 1575, 1576, 1577
200 DATA 1578, 1579, 1580, 1581, 1582, 1583, 1584, 1585
200 DATA 1586, 1587, 1588, 1589, 1590, 1591, 1592, 1593
200 DATA 1594, 1595, 1596, 1597, 1598, 1599, 1600, 1601
200 DATA 1602, 1603, 1604, 1605, 1606, 1607, 1608, 1609
200 DATA 1610, 1611, 1612, 1613, 1614, 1615, 1616, 1617
200 DATA 1618, 1619, 1620, 1621, 1622, 1623, 1624, 1625
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200 DATA 1650, 1651, 1652, 1653, 1654, 1655, 1656, 1657
200 DATA 1658, 1659, 1660, 1661, 1662, 1663, 1664, 1665
200 DATA 1666, 1667, 1668, 1669, 1670, 1671, 1672, 1673
200 DATA 1674, 1675, 1676, 1677, 1678, 1679, 1680, 1681
200 DATA 1682, 1683, 1684, 1685, 1686, 1687, 1688, 1689
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200 DATA 1706, 1707, 1708, 1709, 1710, 1711, 1712, 1713
200 DATA 1714, 1715, 1716, 1717, 1718, 1719, 1720, 1721
200 DATA 1722, 1723, 1724, 1725, 1726, 1727, 1728, 1729
200 DATA 1730, 1731, 1732, 1733, 1734, 1735, 1736, 1737
200 DATA 1738, 1739, 1740, 1741, 1742, 1743, 1744, 1745
200 DATA 1746, 1747, 1748, 1749, 1750, 1751, 1752, 1753
200 DATA 1754, 1755, 1756, 1757, 1758, 1759, 1760, 1761
200 DATA 1762, 1763, 1764, 1765, 1766, 1767, 1768, 1769
200 DATA 1770, 1771, 1772, 1773, 1774, 1775, 1776, 1777
200 DATA 1778, 1779, 1780, 1781, 1782, 1783, 1784, 1785
200 DATA 1786, 1787, 1788, 1789, 1790, 1791, 1792, 1793
200 DATA 1794, 1795, 1796, 1797, 1798, 1799, 1800, 1801
200 DATA 1802, 1803, 1804, 1805, 1806, 1807, 1808, 1809
200 DATA 1810, 1811, 1812, 1813, 1814, 1815, 1816, 1817
200 DATA 1818, 1819, 1820, 1821, 1822, 1823, 1824, 1825
200 DATA 1826, 1827, 1828, 1829, 1830, 1831, 1832, 1833
200 DATA 1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, 1838, 1839, 1840, 1841
200 DATA 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849
200 DATA 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857
200 DATA 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865
200 DATA 1866, 1867, 1868, 1869, 1870, 1871, 1872, 1873
200 DATA 1874, 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881
200 DATA 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889
200 DATA 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897
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200 DATA 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921
200 DATA 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929
200 DATA 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937
200 DATA 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945
200 DATA 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953
200 DATA 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961
200 DATA 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969
200 DATA 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977
200 DATA 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985
200 DATA 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993
200 DATA 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001
200 DATA 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009
200 DATA 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017
200 DATA 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025
200 DATA 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033
200 DATA 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041
200 DATA 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049
200 DATA 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057
200 DATA 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065
200 DATA 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073
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200 DATA 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113
200 DATA 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121
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200 DATA 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153
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1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 277: 1039-1043.

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Choosing the right computer is a good start — but can you find the right software?



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